

19th Native American

WATER ASSOCIATION CONFERENCE

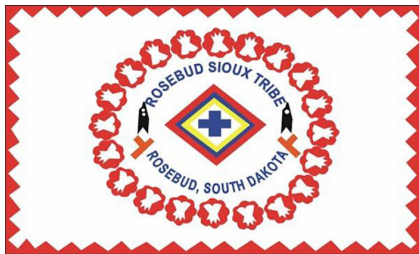
**ROSEBUD SIOUX TRIBAL WATER RESOURCES
AND
IMPACT OF KEYSTONE XL PIPELINE ON
THE ROSEBUD RURAL WATER SYSTEM**

July 16-18, 2014

by

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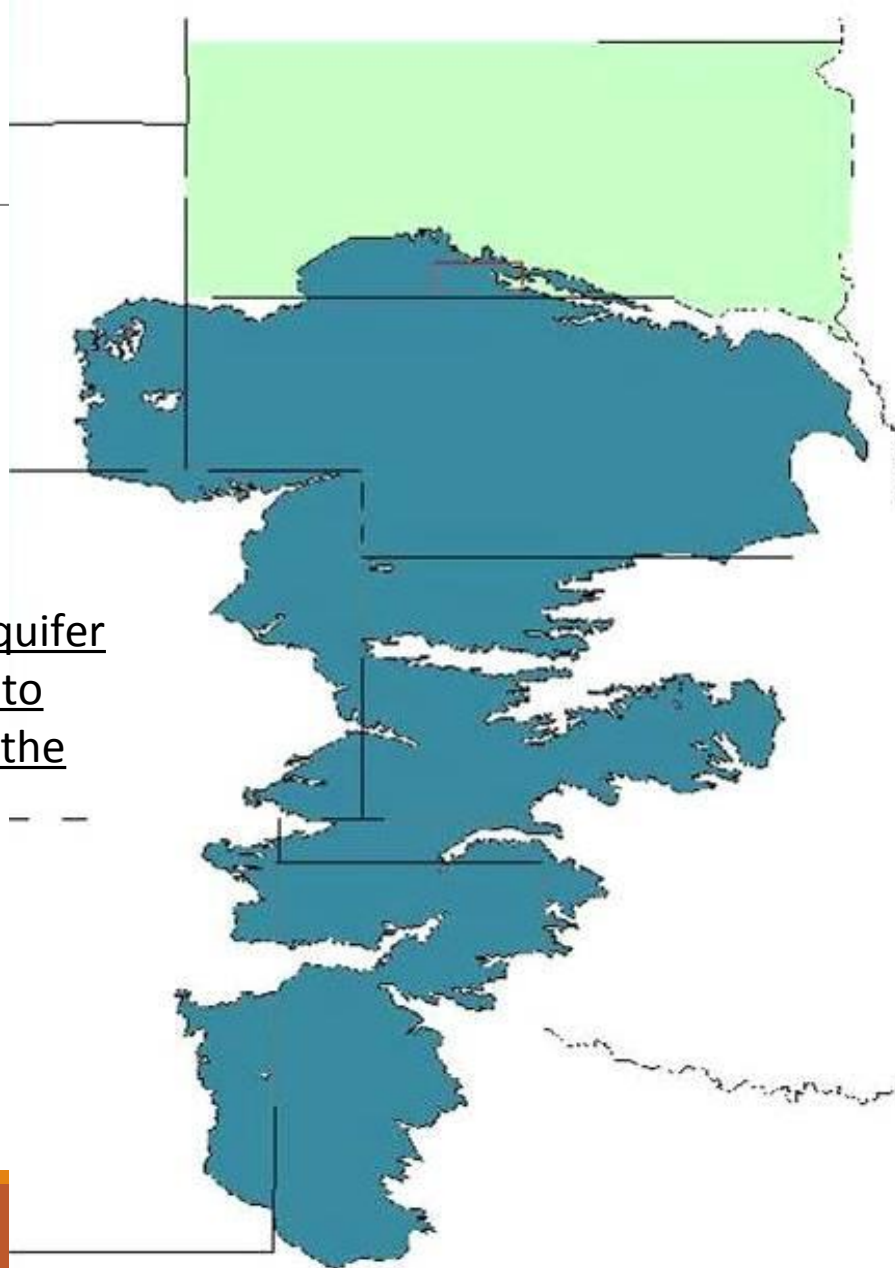
Source Groundwater Protection

- Proactive measures toward protection of vital water supply.
- 1996 Amendments to the Safe Drinking Water Act require source water assessment on every public water supply.
- Delineation of source water protection area and inventory of potential source of contamination.
- Management Strategies.

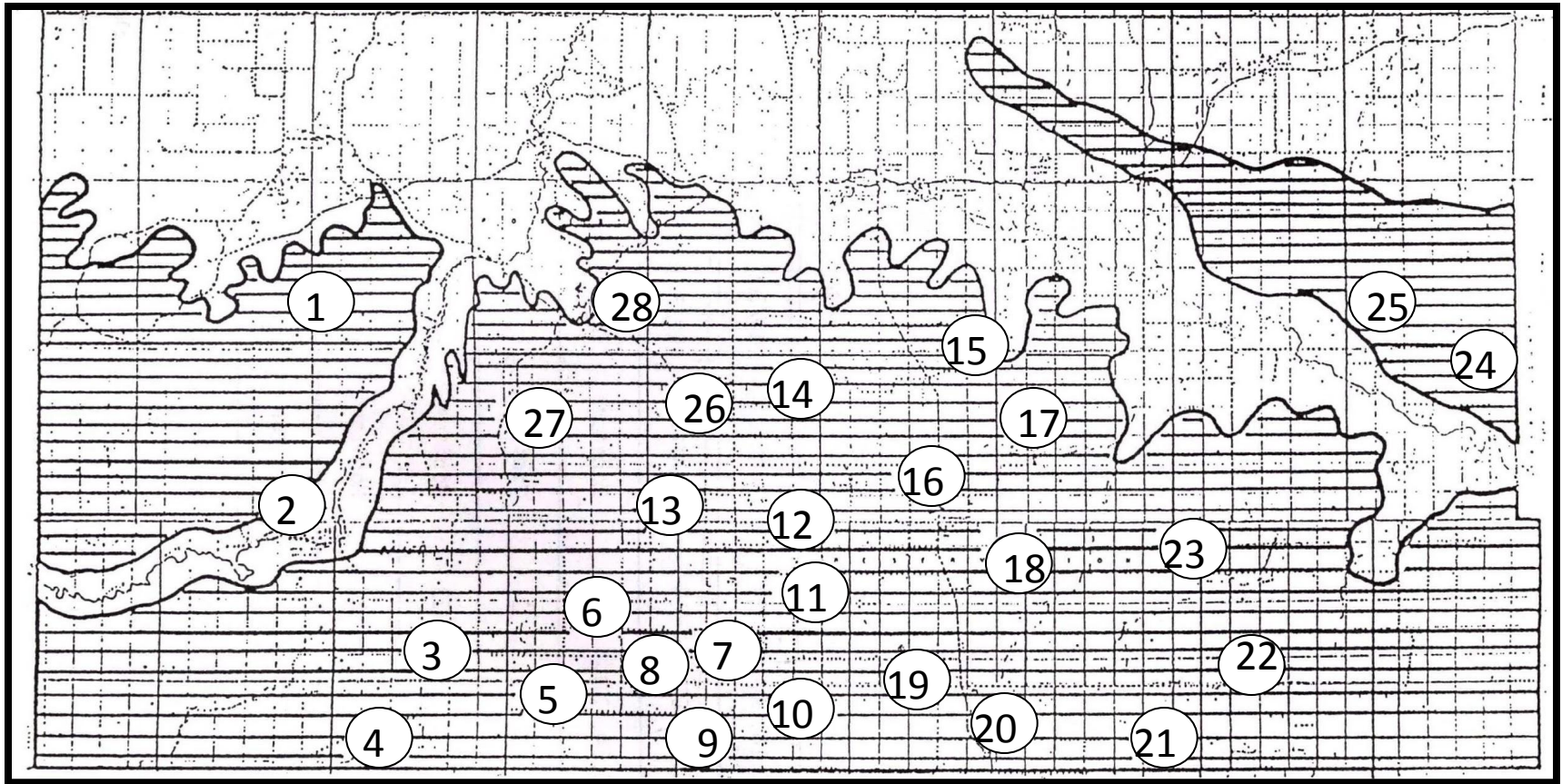


Ogallala Aquifer

Extent of the Ogallala Aquifer
from Texas in the south to
Rosebud Reservation in the
north.



Rosebud Reservation, TODD COUNTY



Location of Monitoring Wells On
The Ogallala Aquifer Rosebud Reservation



FIGURE 4

North-South Cross section (A-A')
West side of Mellette and Todd Counties

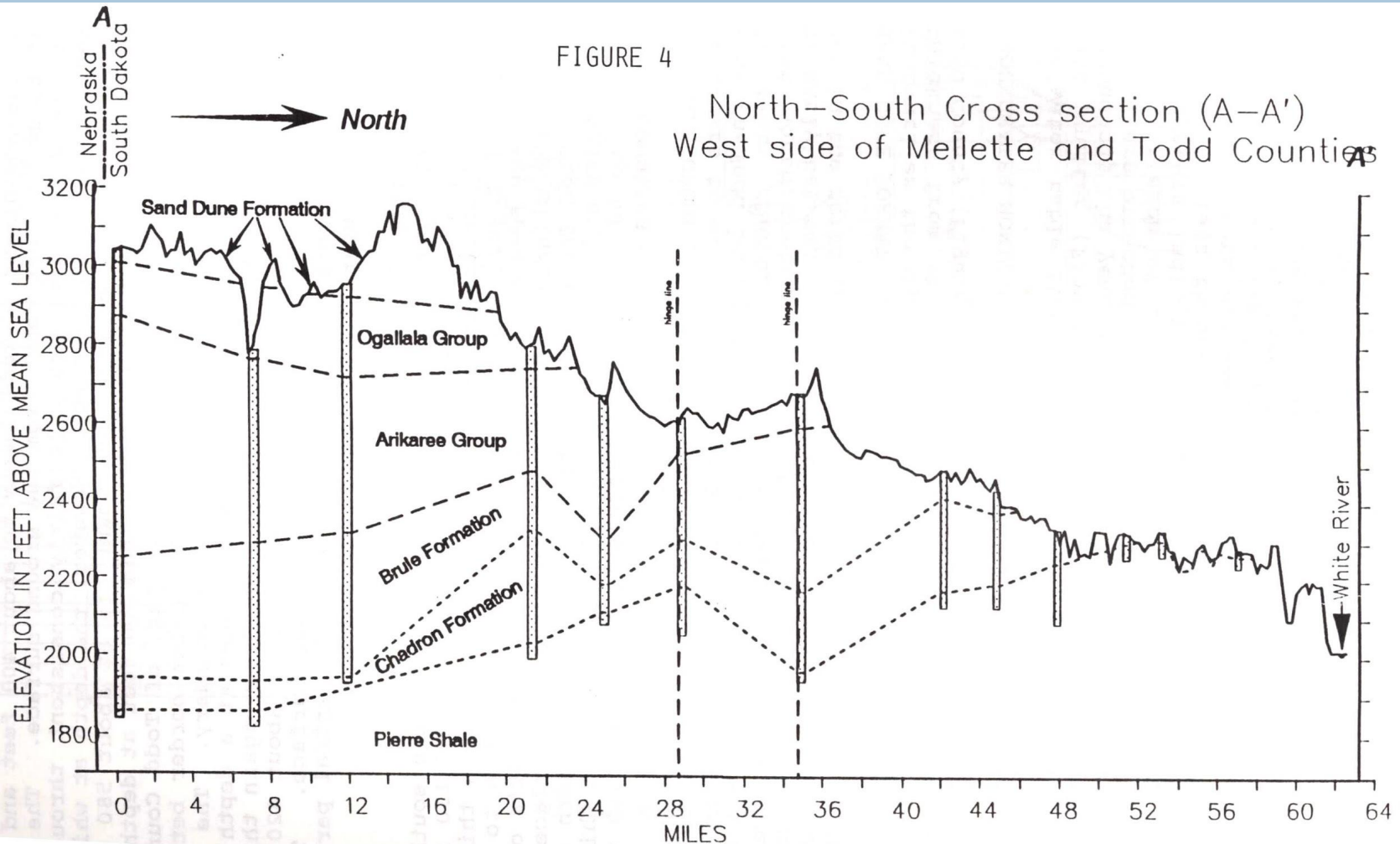
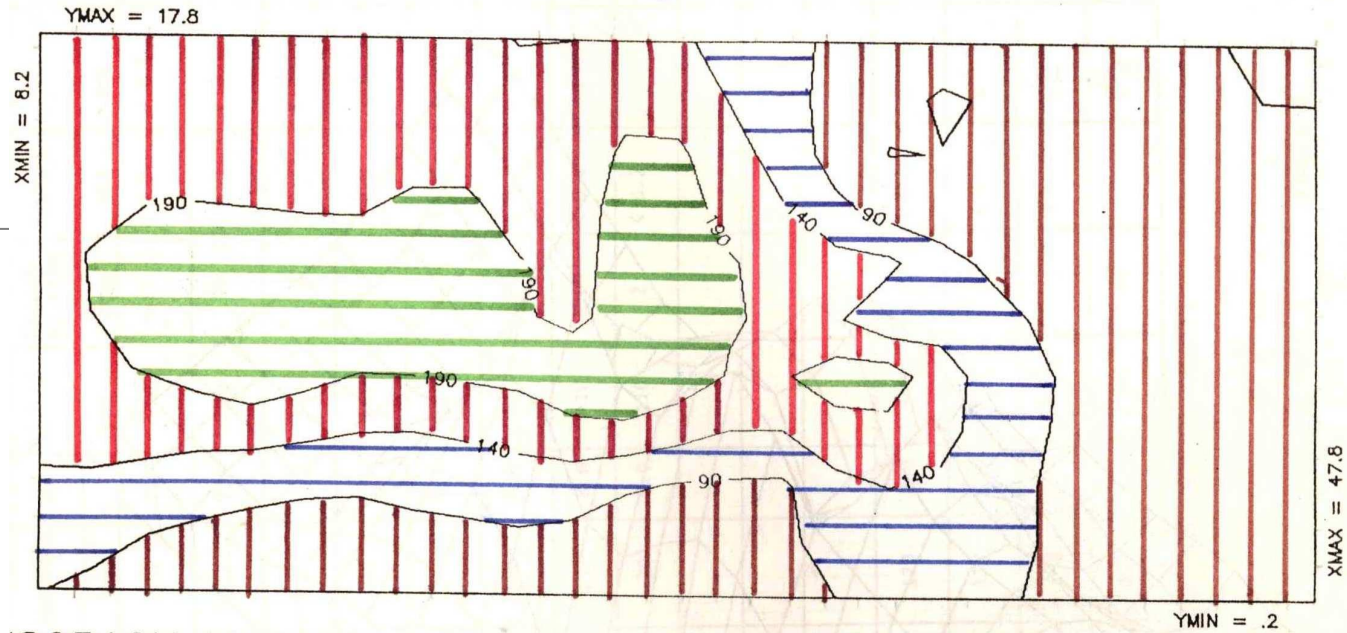
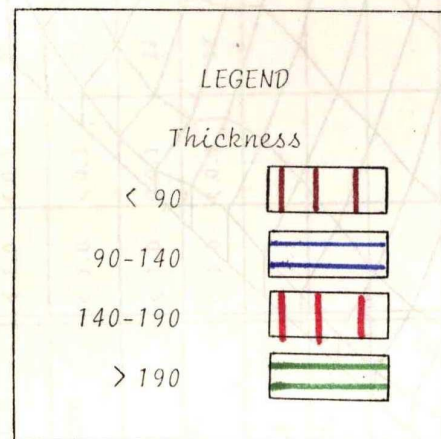


Fig. 15



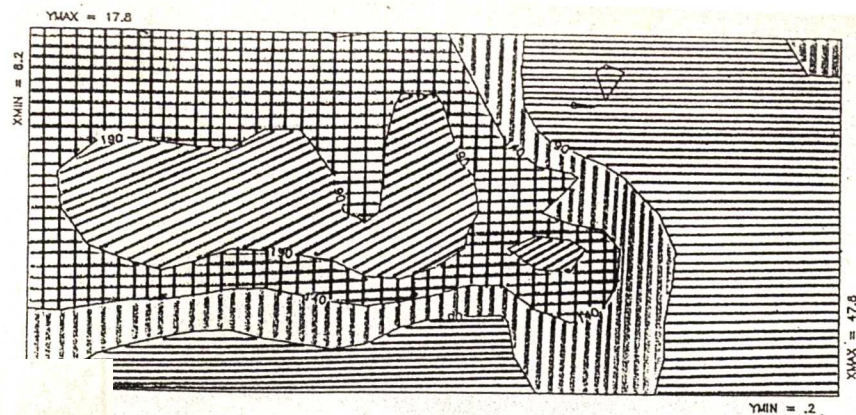
ISOPACH MAP OF OGALLALA FORMATION IN ROSEBUD RES.



Contour interval 50 feet

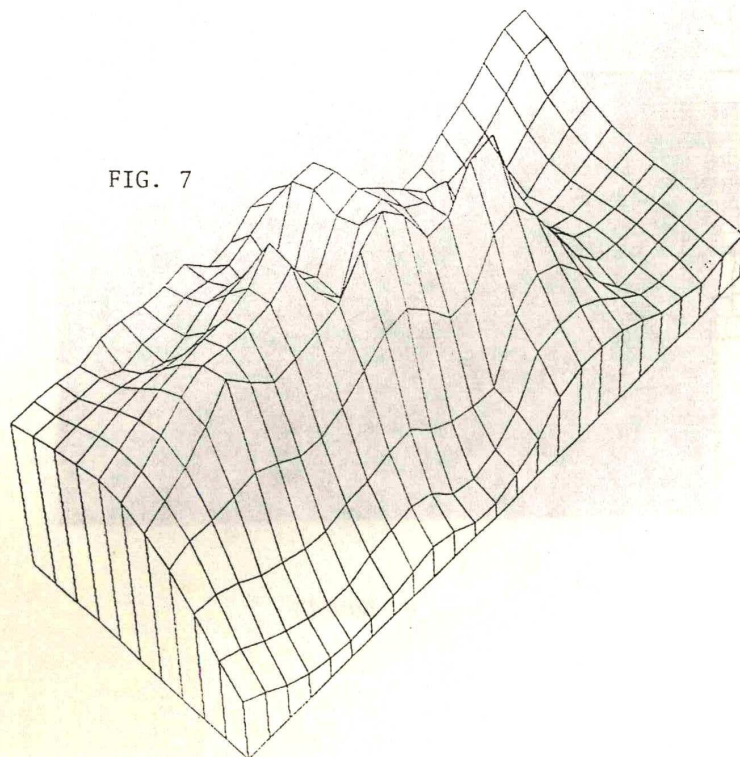


Isopach Map Of Ogallala Formation in Rosebud Reservation

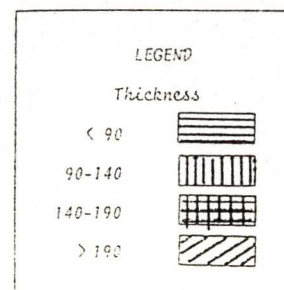


MAP OF OGALLALA FORMATION IN ROSEBUD RES

FIG. 7



6



Contour Interval 50 feet

3D SURFACE MAP OF OGALLALA FRM. IN ROSEBUD RES.



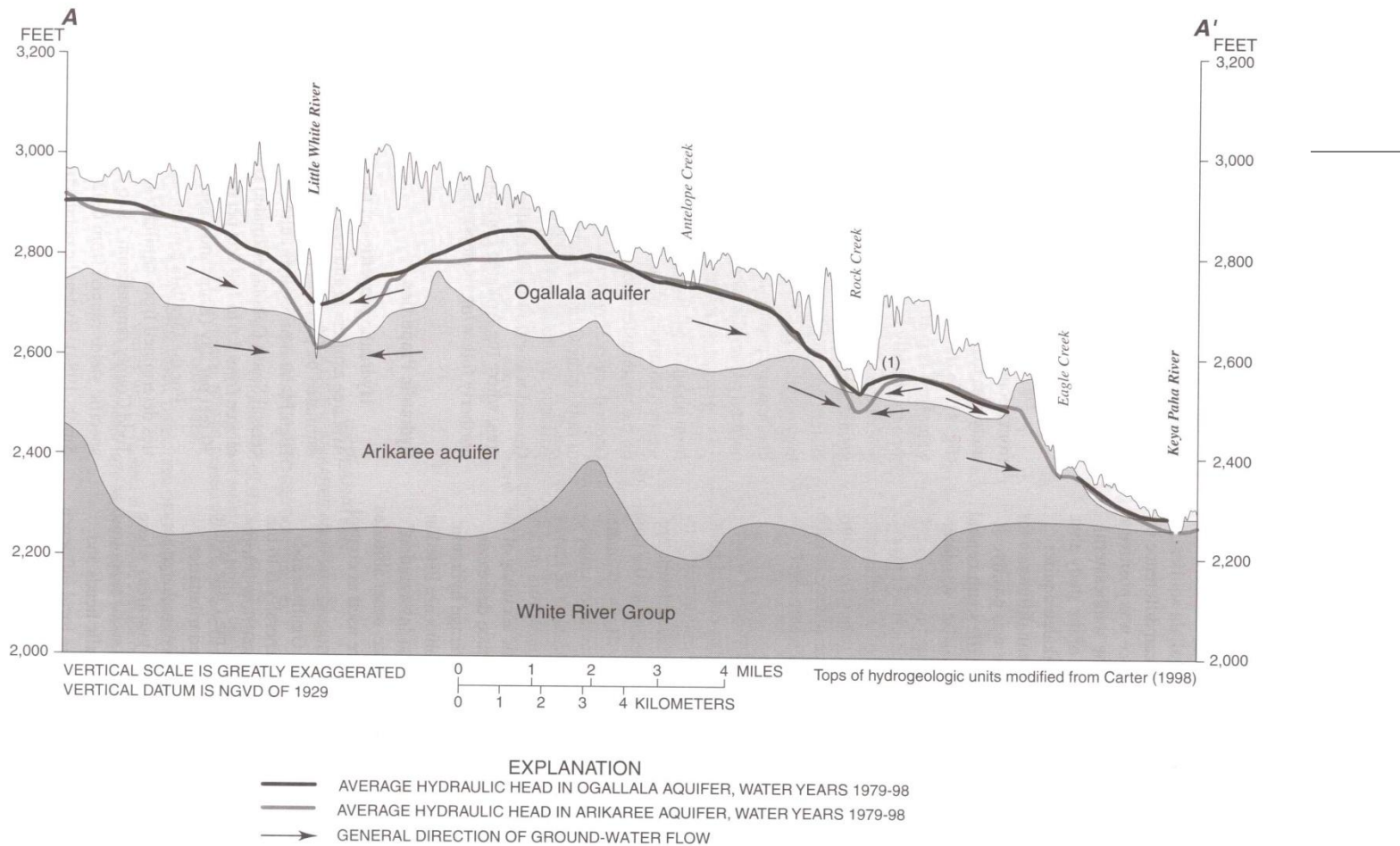


Figure 6. Relation between average hydraulic head, hydrogeologic units, and topographic features. Location of section is shown in figures 4 and 5. This section shows an area (1) of intermittent saturation, which is not included in the area of the Ogallala aquifer considered in figure 4.



Potential Sources Of Contamination

Center Pivot Irrigation Systems



Septic Tanks



Lagoons



Junk Yard & Maintenance Shop



Gas Stations

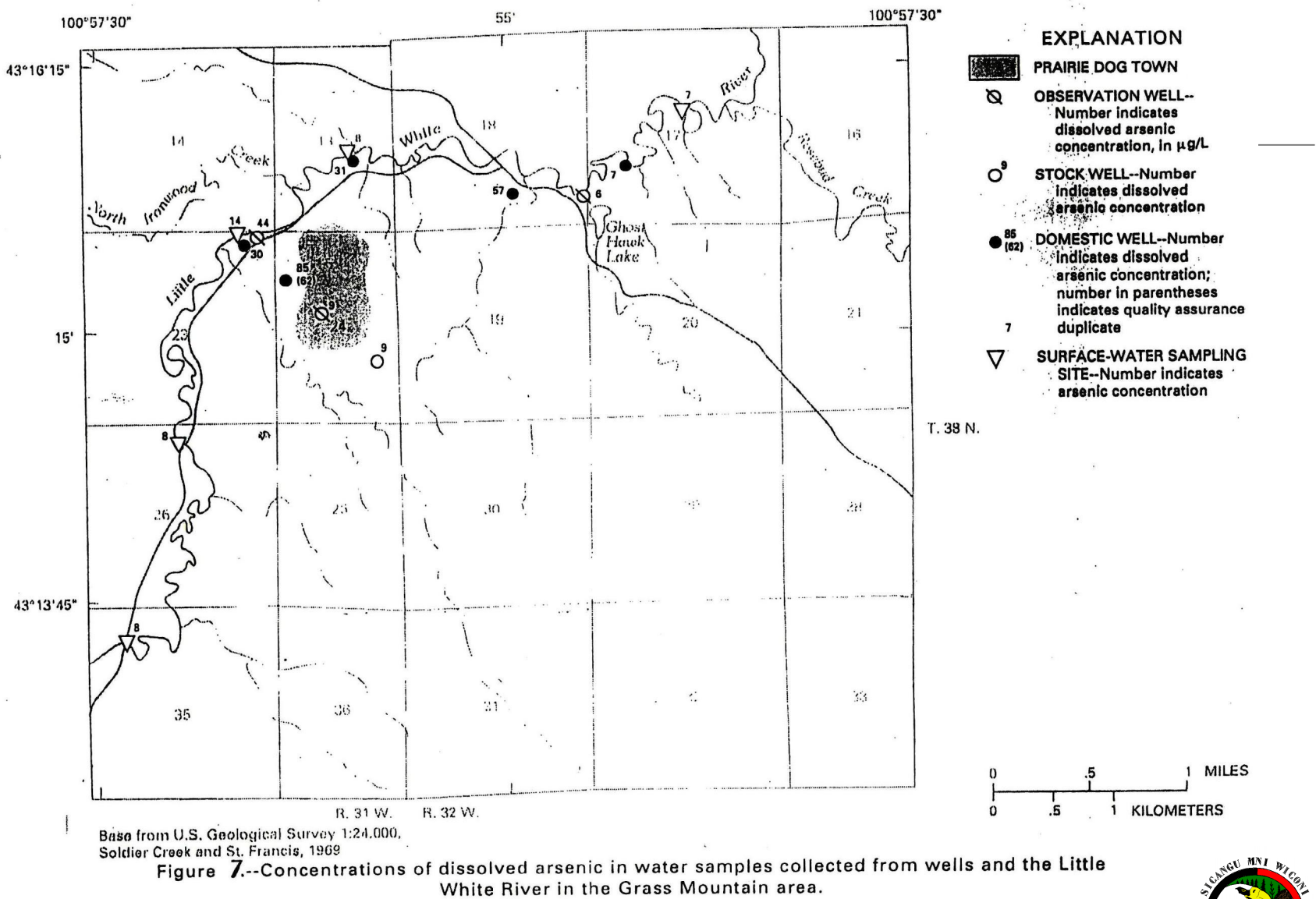


Land Fills/Garbage/illegal dumping



	100 mg/l
	46.1 mg/l
	30 mg/l
	13.5 mg/l
	13.1 mg/l
	13.0 mg/l

Dissolved Arsenic in ground water and surface water in Grass Mountain



Groundwater Contamination by Hydrocarbons

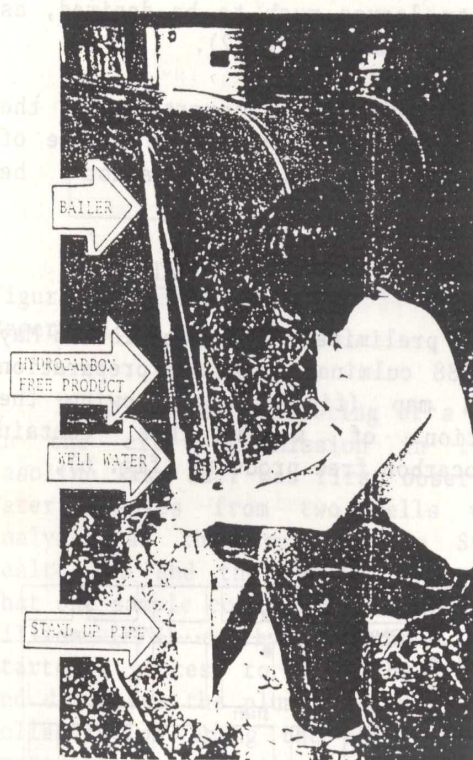


Figure 6: Free product in bailer

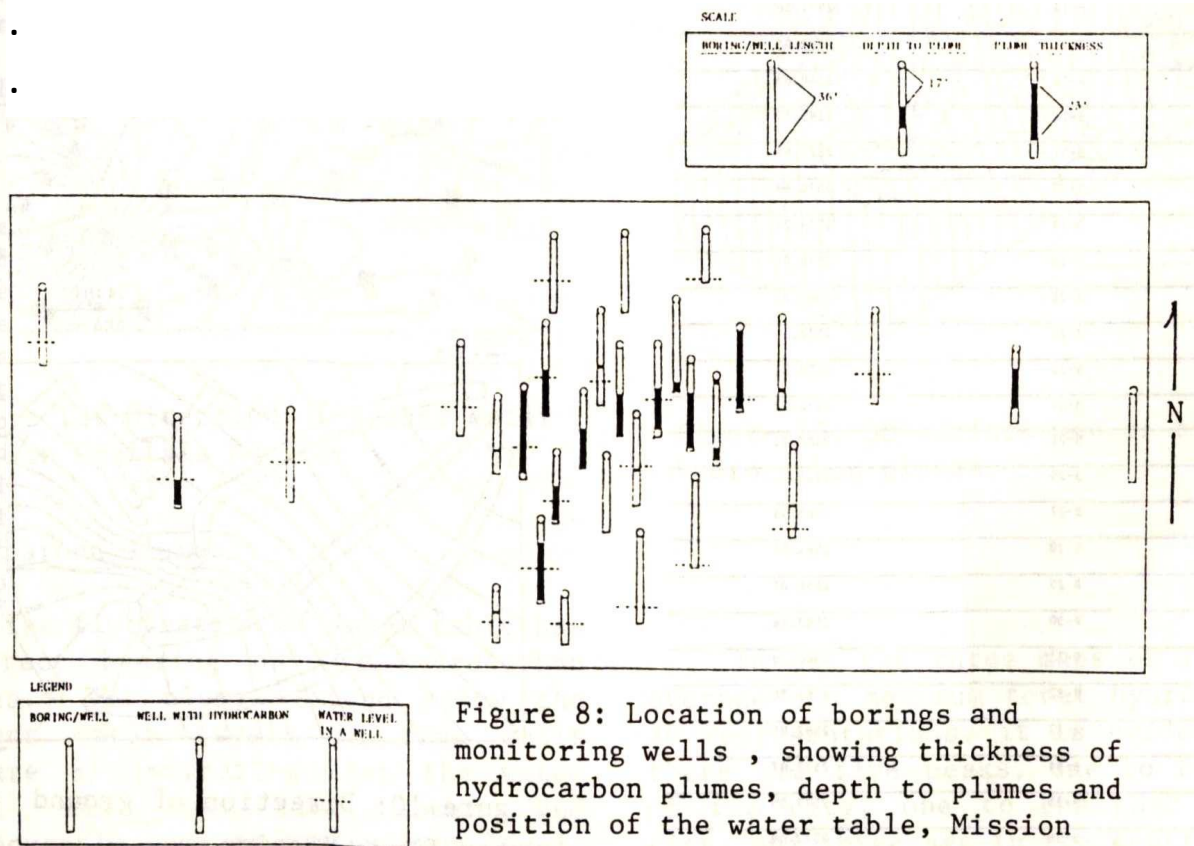
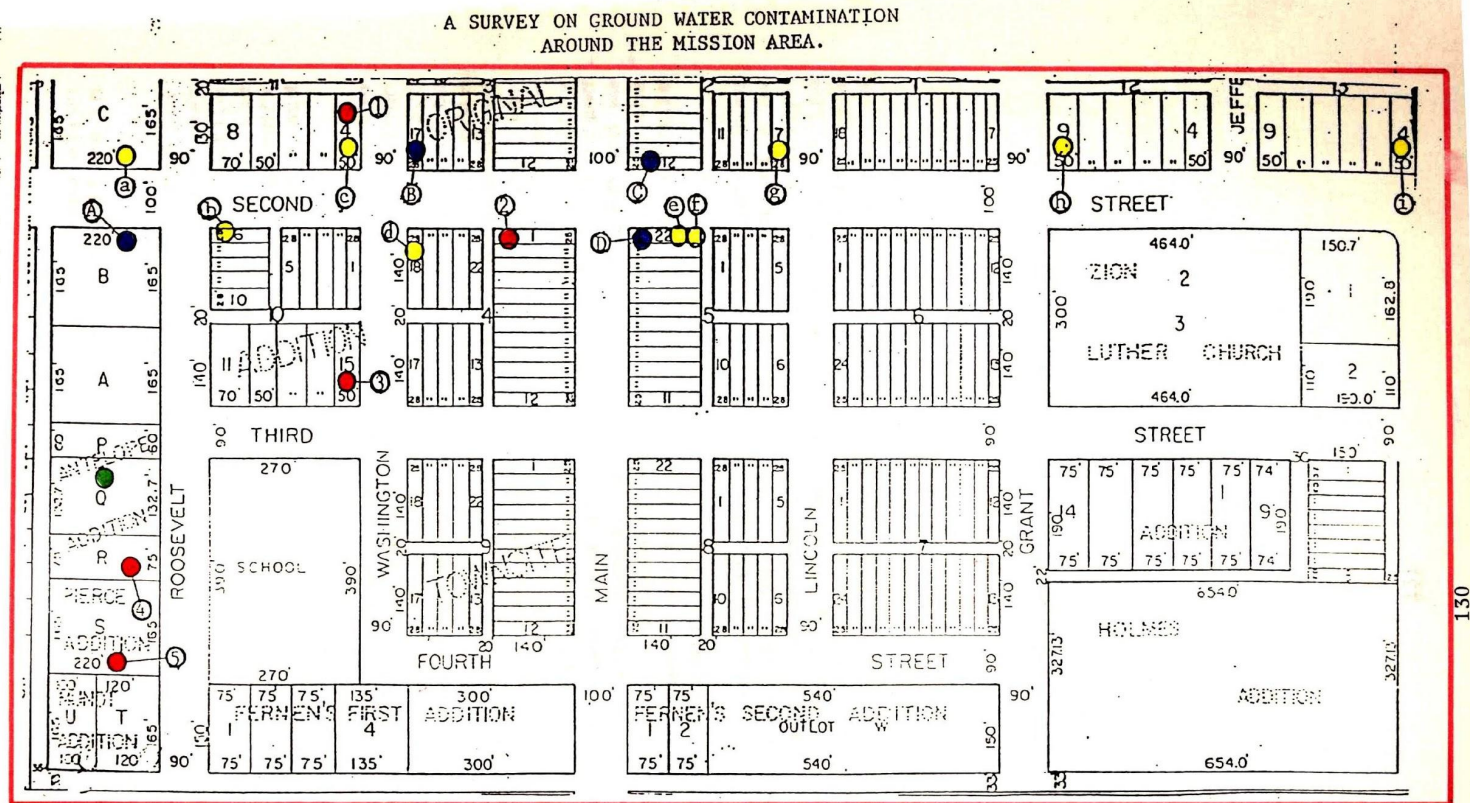


Figure 8: Location of borings and monitoring wells , showing thickness of hydrocarbon plumes, depth to plumes and position of the water table, Mission

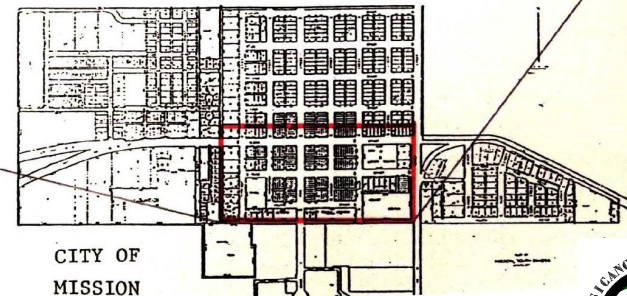


A Survey on Groundwater Contamination Around The Mission Area

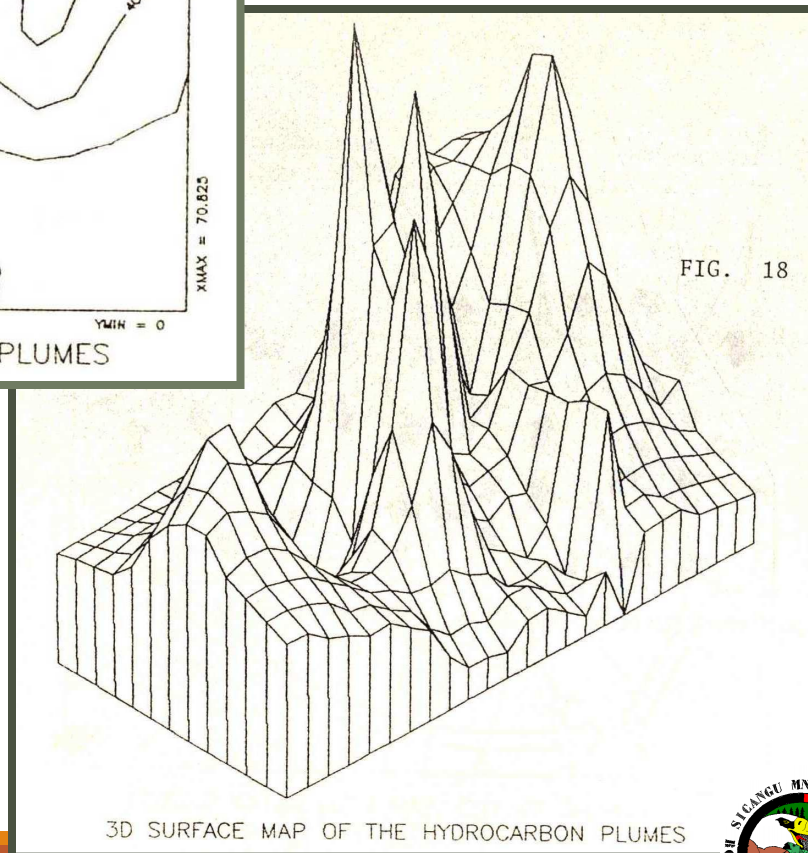
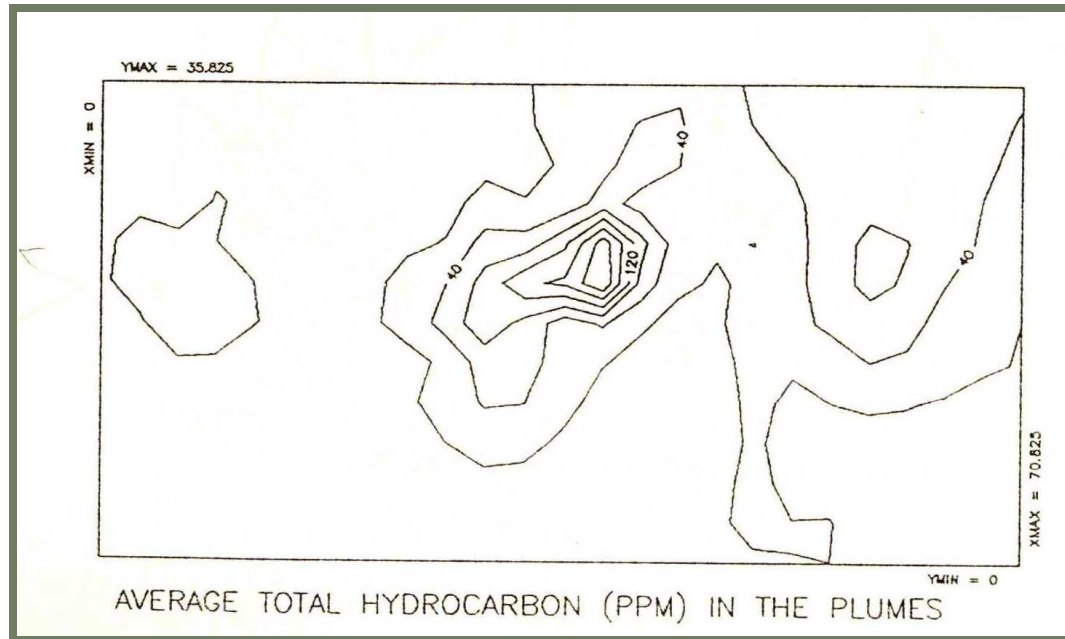


LEGEND

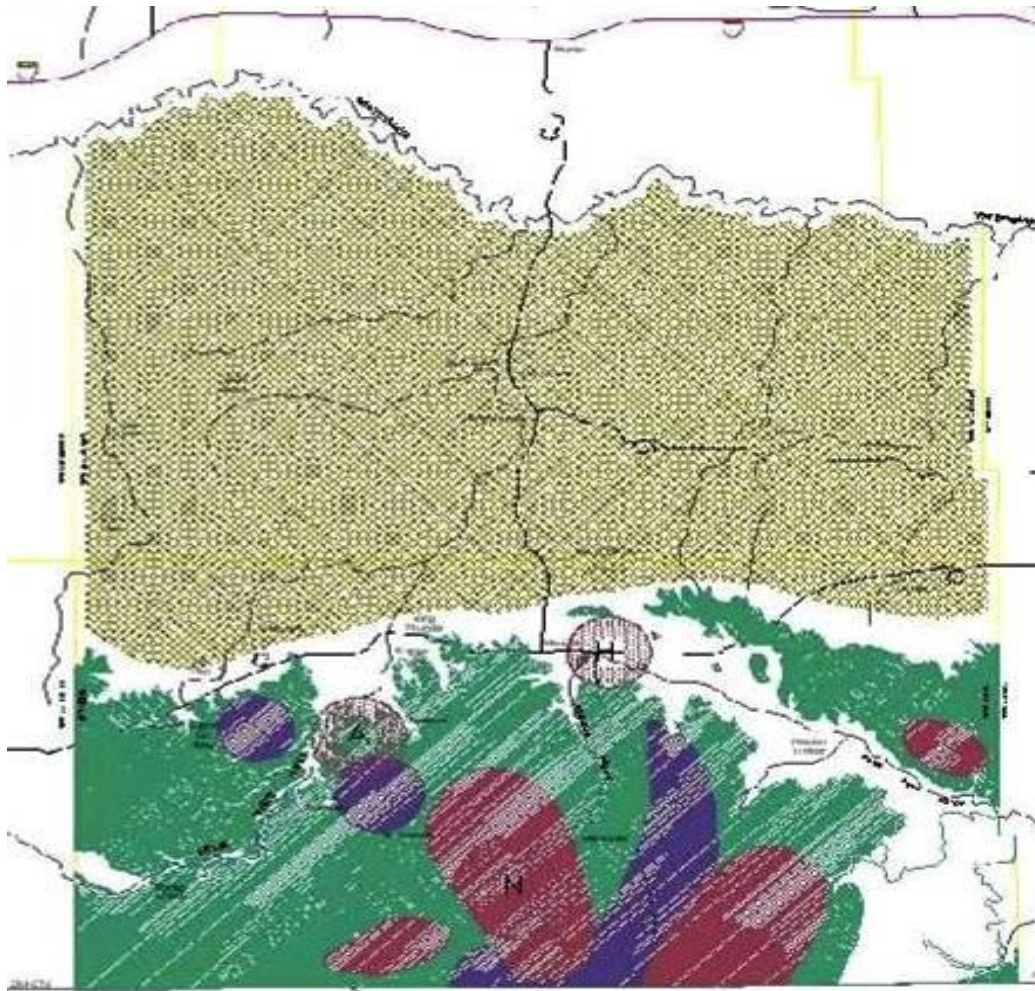
- — Gas stations still in service.
- — Discarded gas stations and fuel storage yards.
- — A well contaminated with hydrocarbons.
- — Wells possibly contaminated with hydrocarbons.



Contour & 3D Surface Map Of The Hydrocarbon Plumes



Groundwater Contamination



- Nitrates
- Arsenic
- Hydrocarbons

Protection Strategies



Well Head Protection Area

METHODS: CALCULATED FIXED RADIUS

METHODS: ARBITRARY FIXED RADIUS

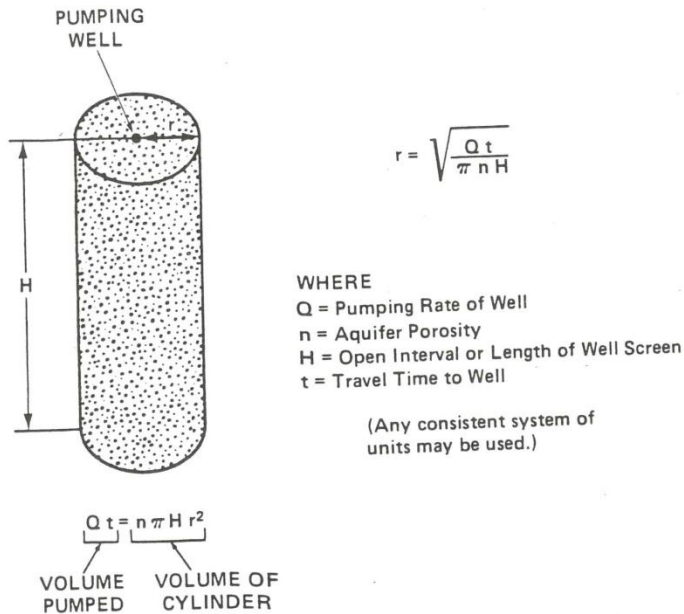


Figure 6. Calculated Fixed Radius.

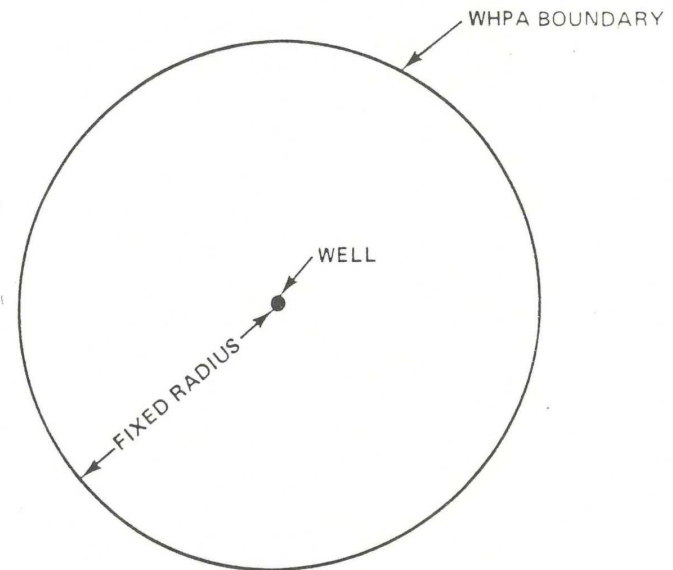


Figure 5. Arbitrary Fixed Radius.

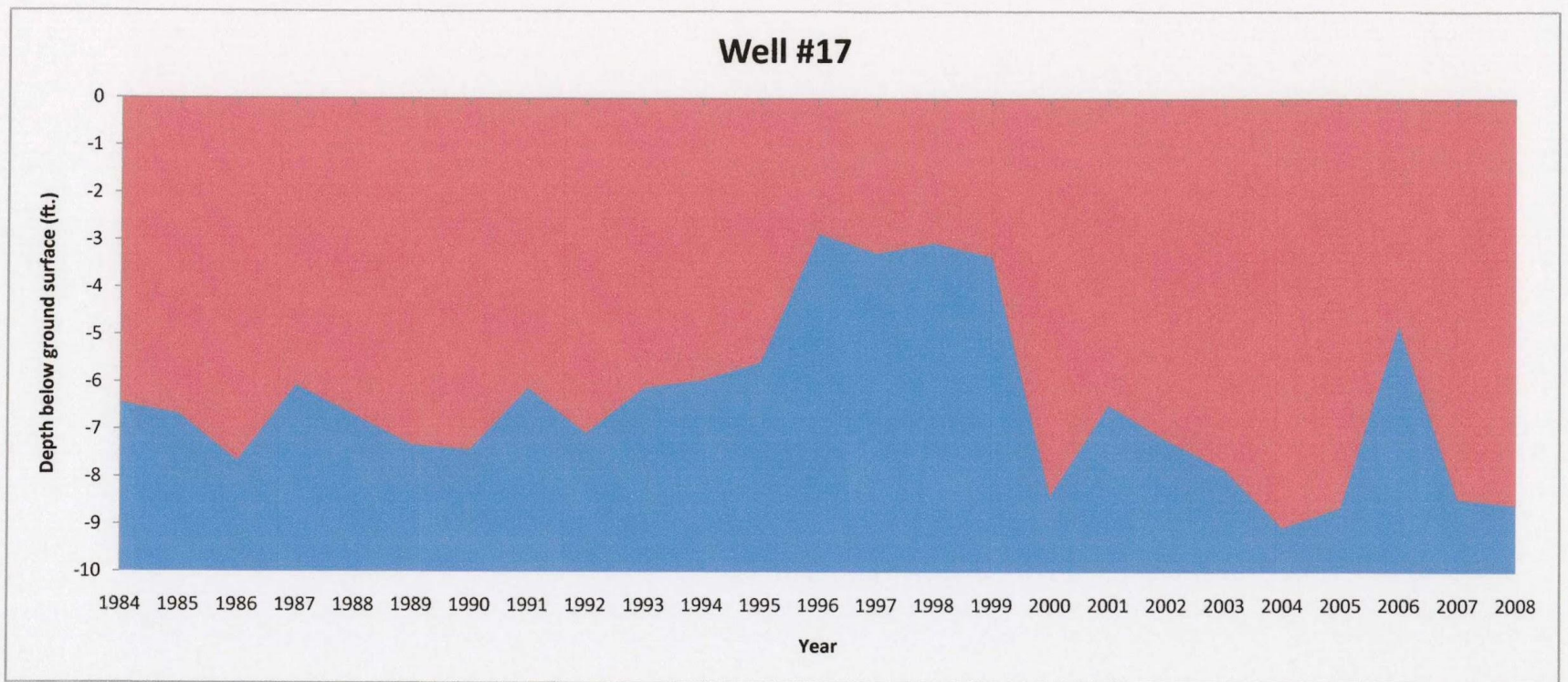
Water Code

- Moratorium By BIA
- Implementation over non-Indians can result in legal battles

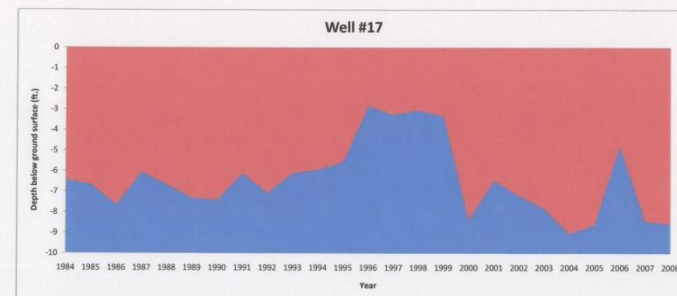
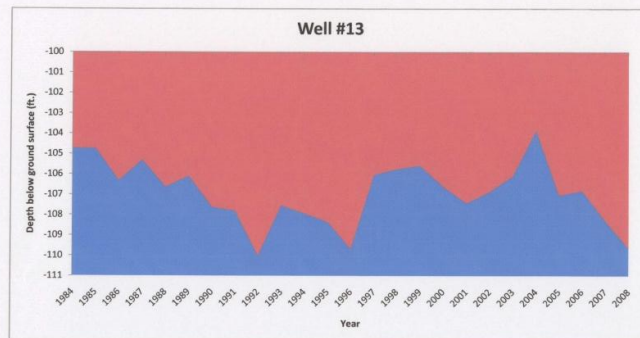
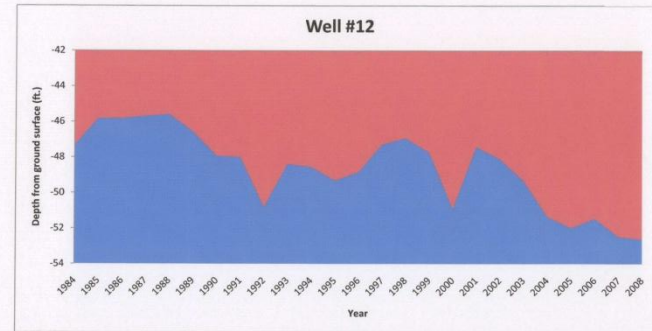
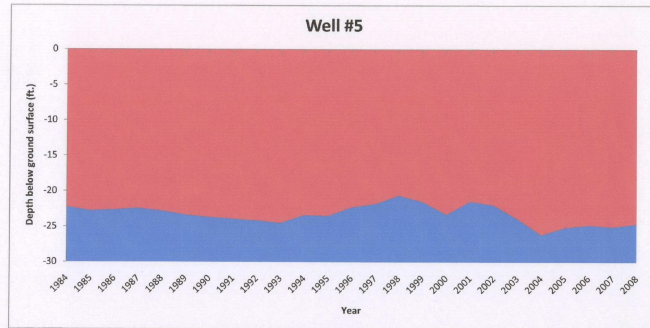
WATER AND ENVIRONMENTAL CODES ARE EXCELLENT TOOLS



Water Table Fluctuation , Ogallala Aquifer

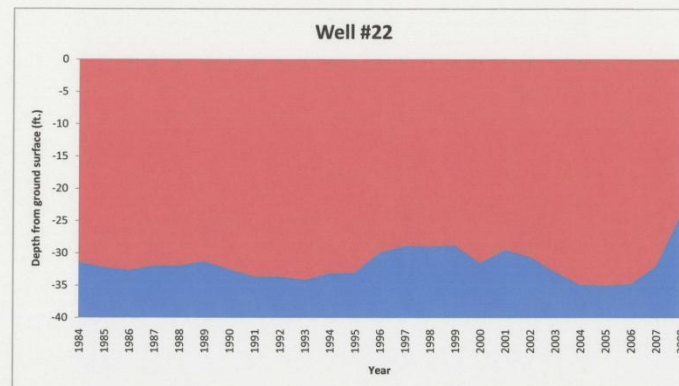
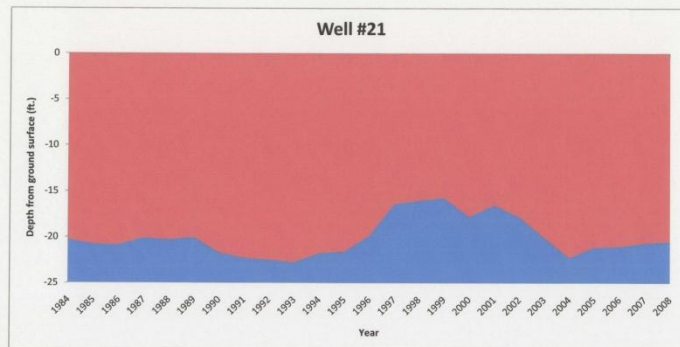
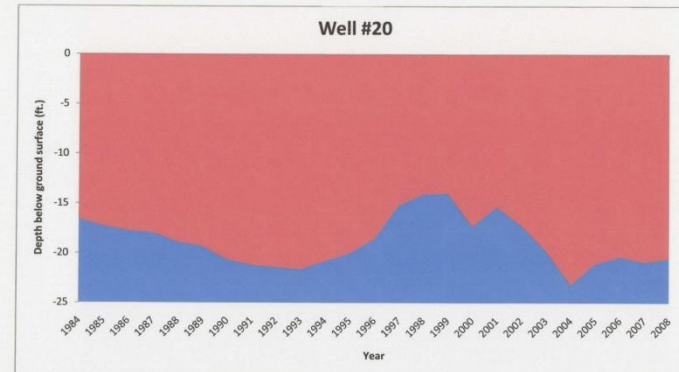
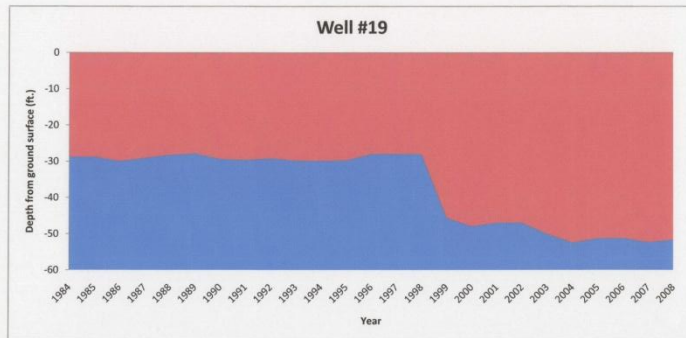


Water Table Fluctuation , Ogallala Aquifer

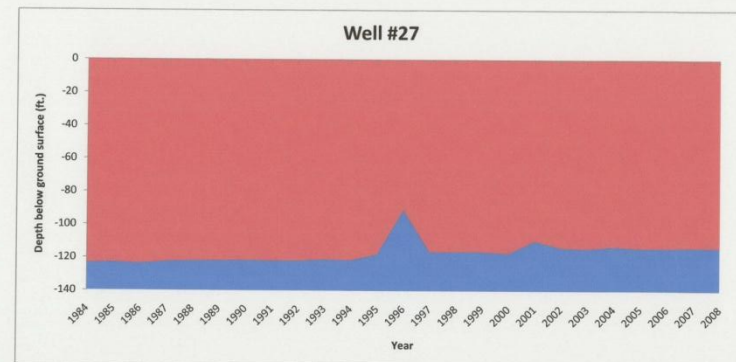
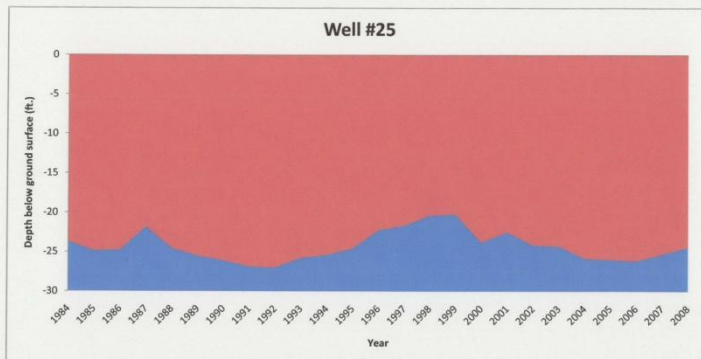
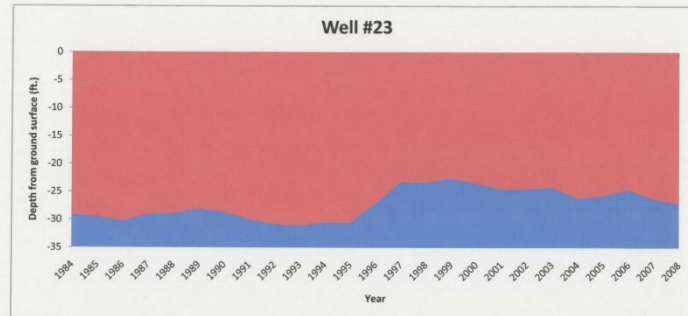


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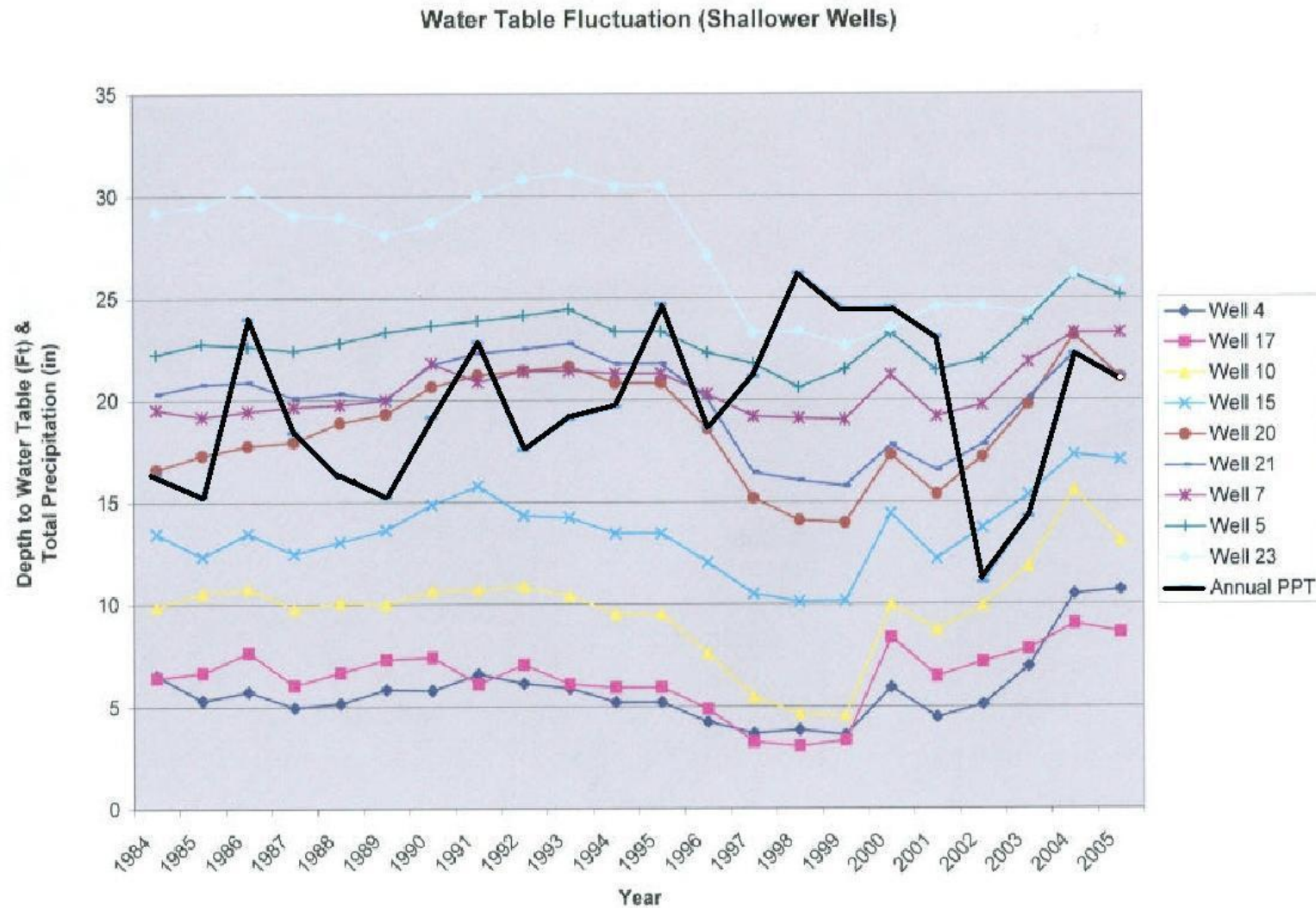
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Water Table Fluctuation , Ogallala Aquifer



Water Table Fluctuation (Shallower wells)



Public Water System Sicangu Mni Wiconi Rosebud Rural Water System, South Dakota

Also includes:

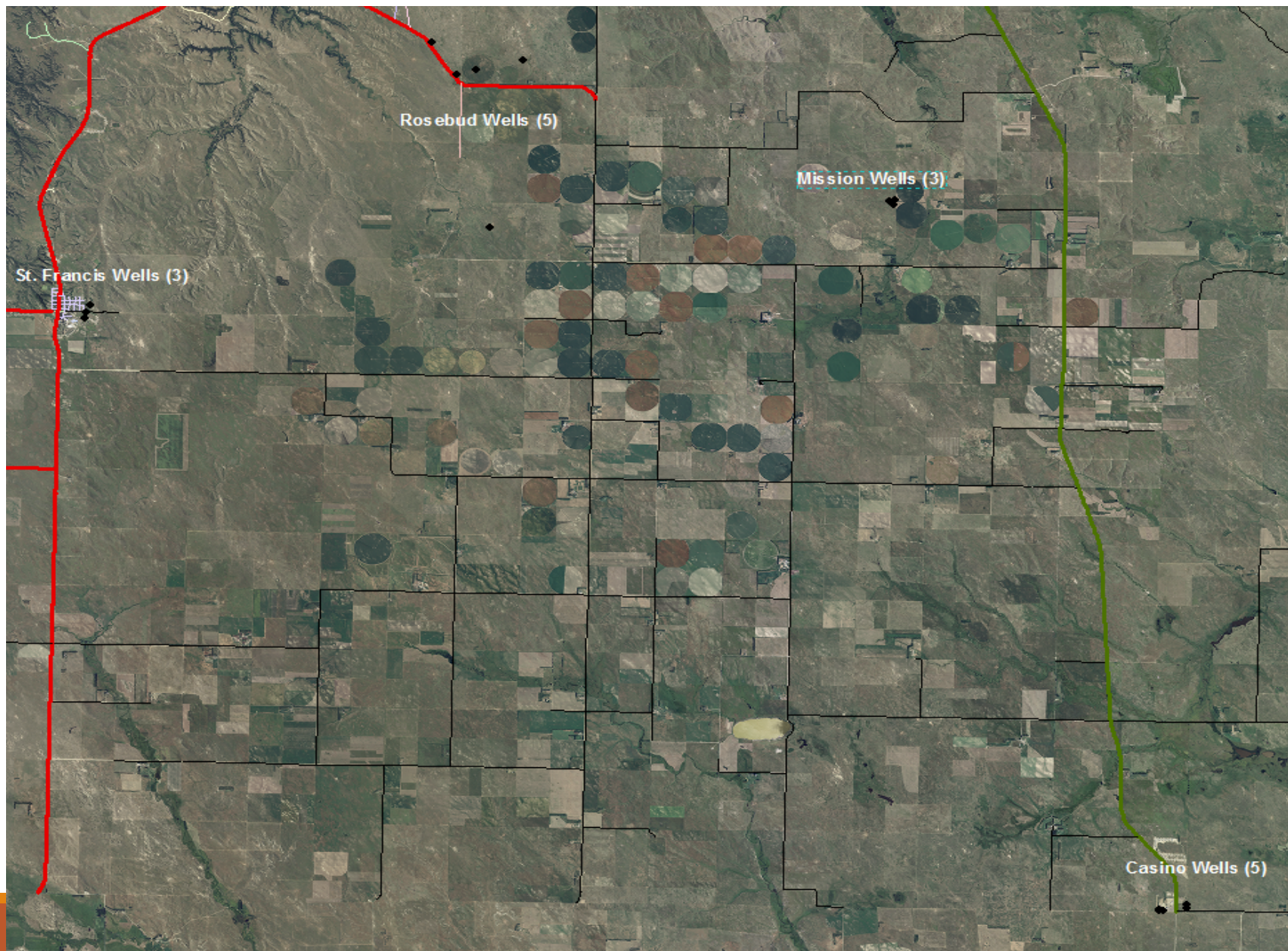
- Saint Francis System
- Mission Water System
- Sicangu Village Water System

GROUND WATER SOURCE: OGALLALA AQUIFER

- Design Population- 17,000
- Design Requirement- GPM 3,971
- 50% Groundwater- 1985 GPM equals 4.42 CFS



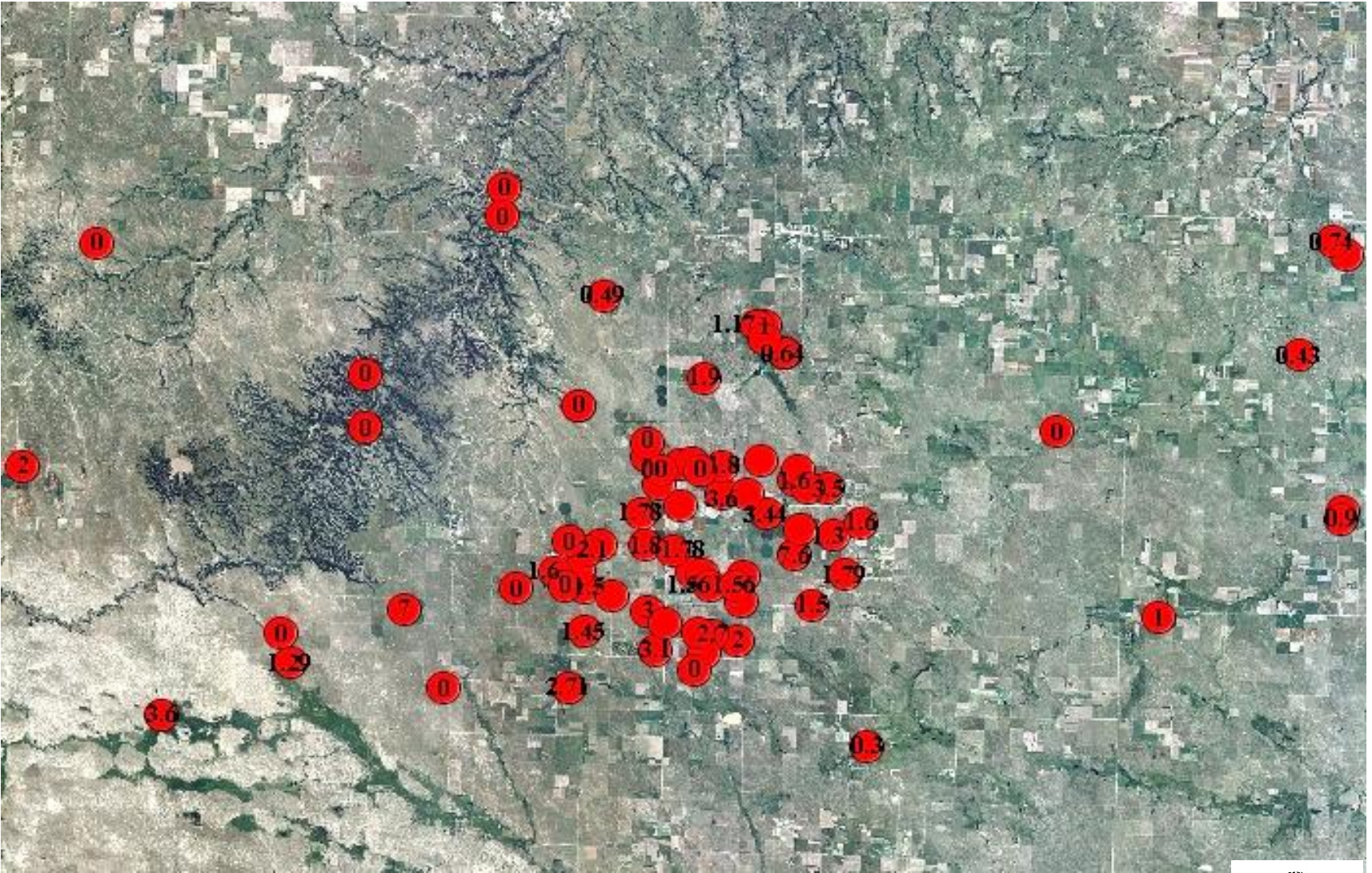
Location Of Production Wells



PRODUCTION WELLS



Location of Irrigation Wells



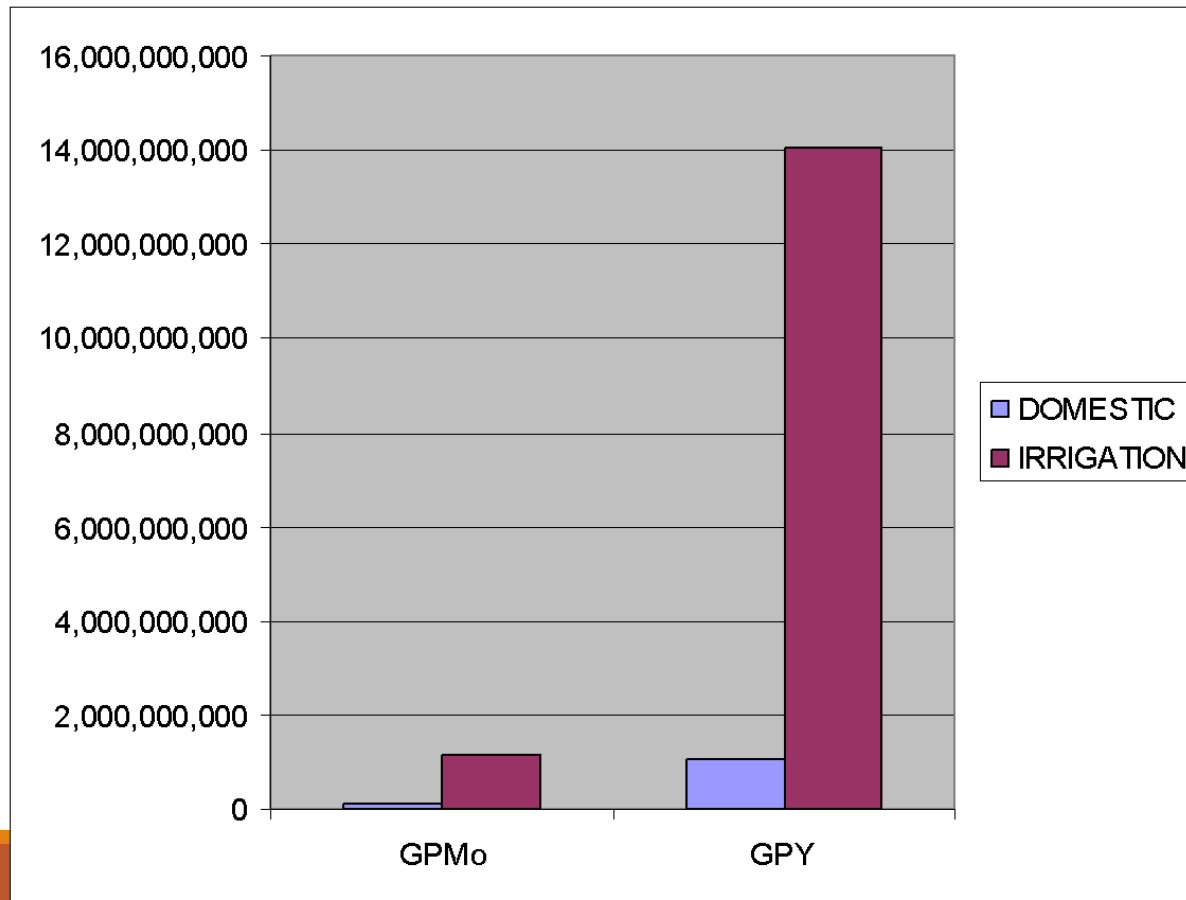
Total Irrigation Water Use – 2,752,149,300 GPM

(Equals 14,035,961,430 GPY)

(Based on 5-Month Irrigation Season)

Total Domestic, Municipal. & Industrial Use – 86,964,900 GPM

(Equals 1,043,578,880 GPY)



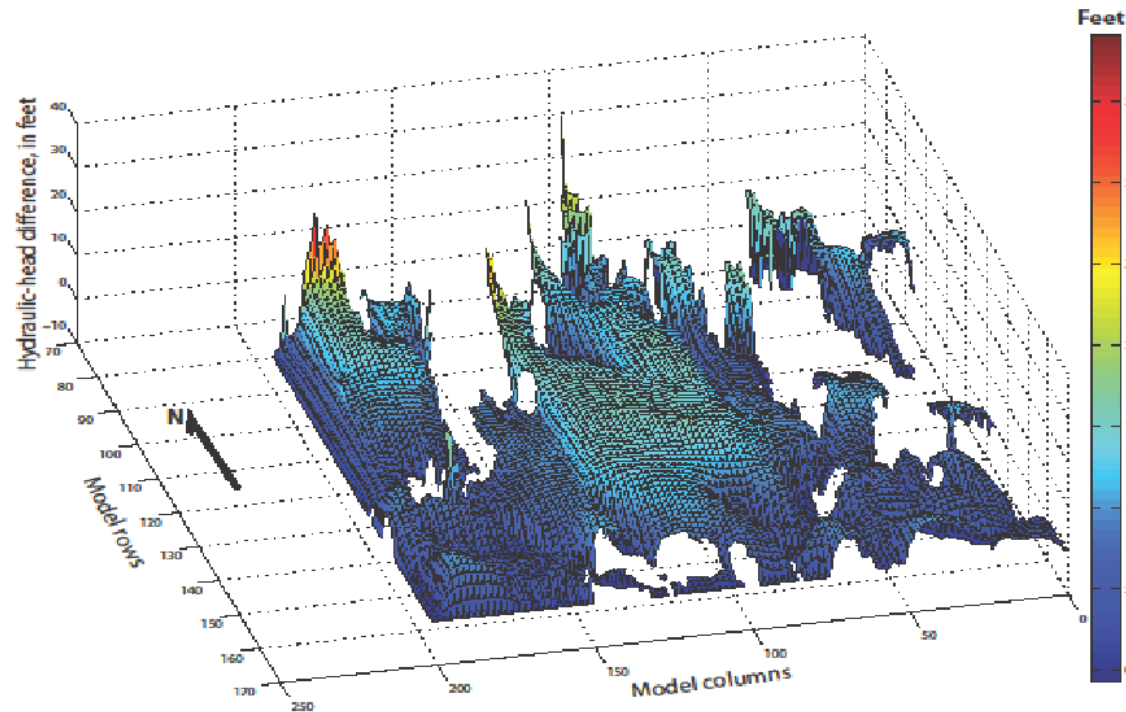


Figure 24

Three dimensional plot of the differences in hydraulic-head values between results of the calibrated model and the drought scenario at the end of the 30-year simulation period for the Ogallala aquifer.

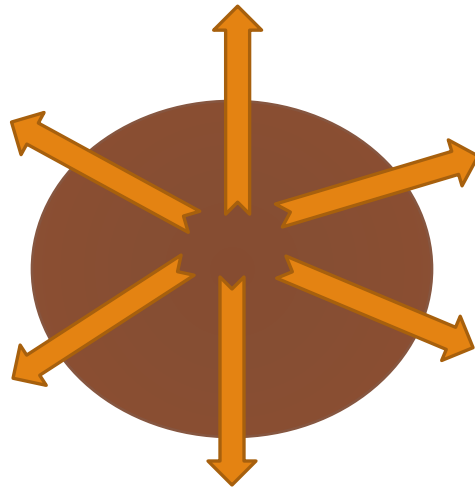
Increased Public awareness.

- *Radio*
- *News Paper*
- *Placing Signs*

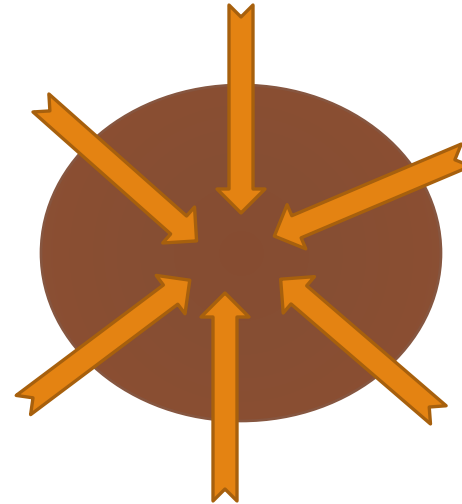
Environmental Protection & Zoning ordinance Title 18+19 Of
Environmental code.

- *Land use and Environment Commission*

Purchase of land to control and manage sensitive area.



**Recharge area
highly sensitive**



**Discharge area less
sensitive**



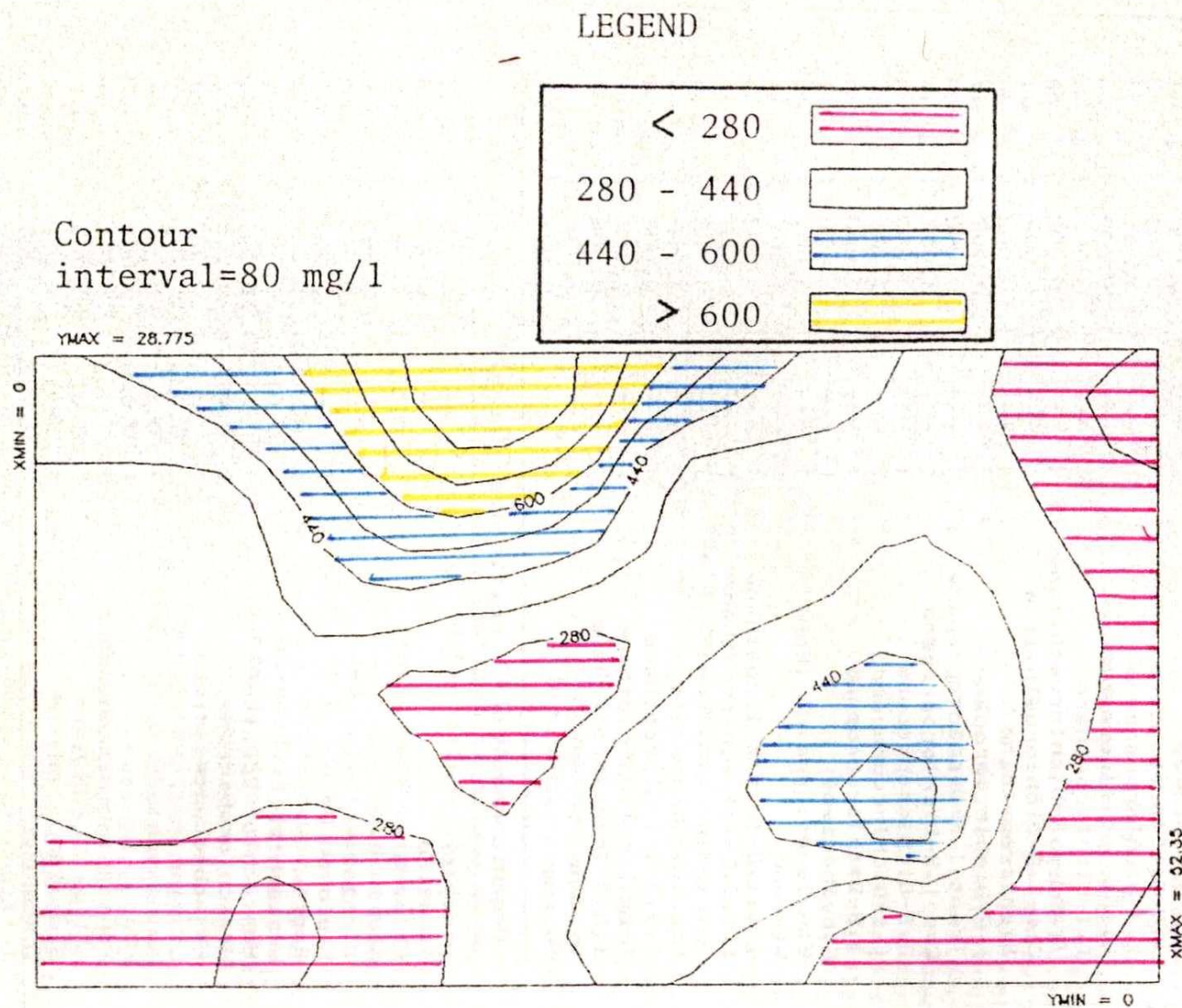
ROSEBUD SIOUX TRIBE PUBLIC WATER SYSTEMS

PRODUCTION WELL WATER QUALITY

PARAMETERS		LEVEL S	MCL	
Inorganics				
	Cyanide	ND	0.005	mg/L
	Sodium	11		mg/L
Nutrients				
	Nitrates	1.1	10	mg/L
Radionuclides				
	Gross Alpha	3	15	pCi/L
	Uranium	0.0024	0.03	pCi/L
	Radium 228	ND	5	pCi/L
	Uranium Activity	1.7	20	pCi/L
Metals				
	Arsenic	0.003	0.10	mg/L
Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs)				
	Benzene, Vinyl Chloride, Xylenes gasoline, paints, solvents	ND		
Synthetic Organic Compounds (SOCs)				
	Pichloram, 2,4-D, Alachlor Pesticides, dyes, industrial chemicals	ND		



Total Dissolved Solids in Groundwater, Rosebud Reservation

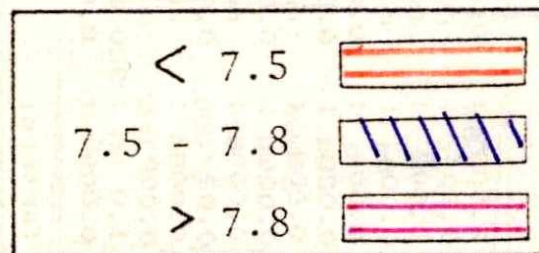


TOTAL DISSOLVED SOLIDS IN GROUND WATER, ROSEBUD RES.

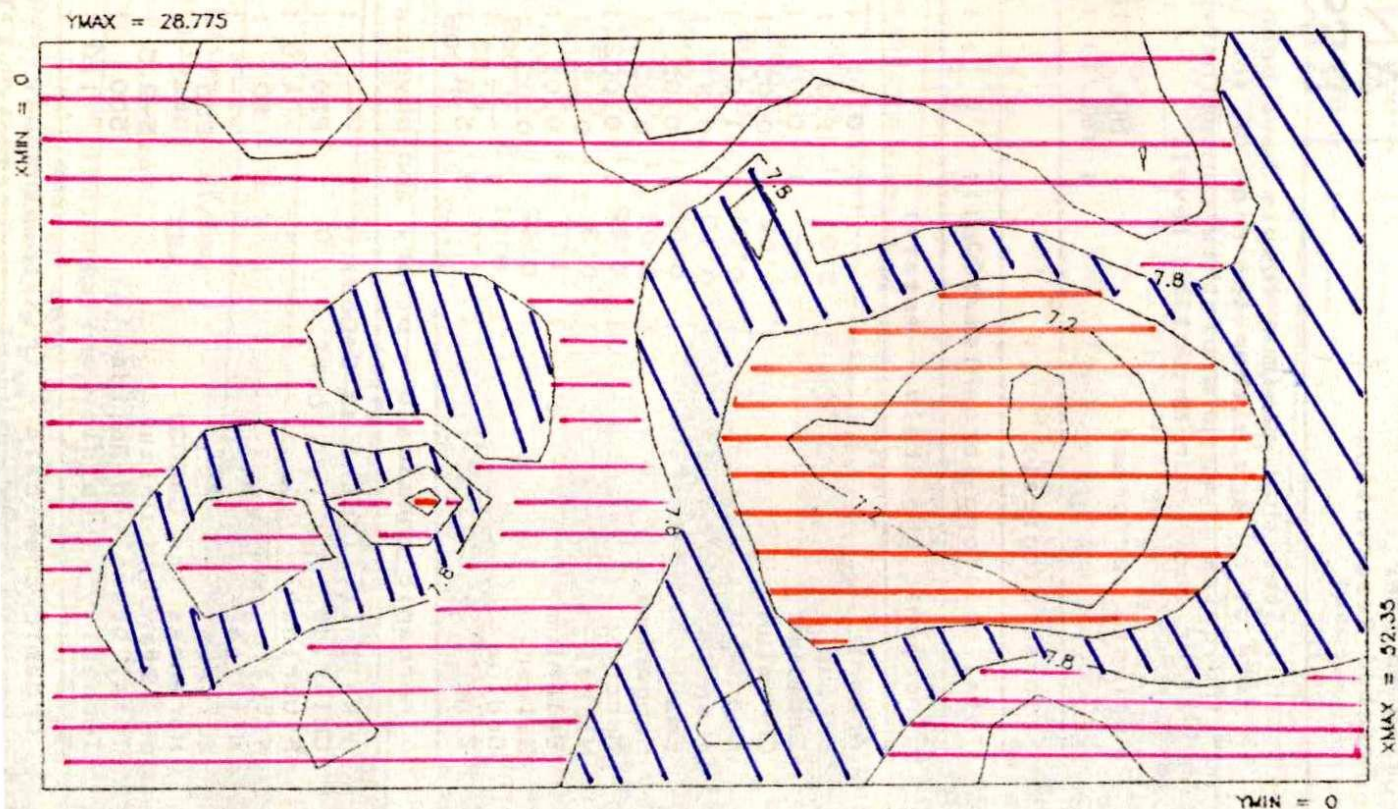


pH Of Groundwater

LEGEND



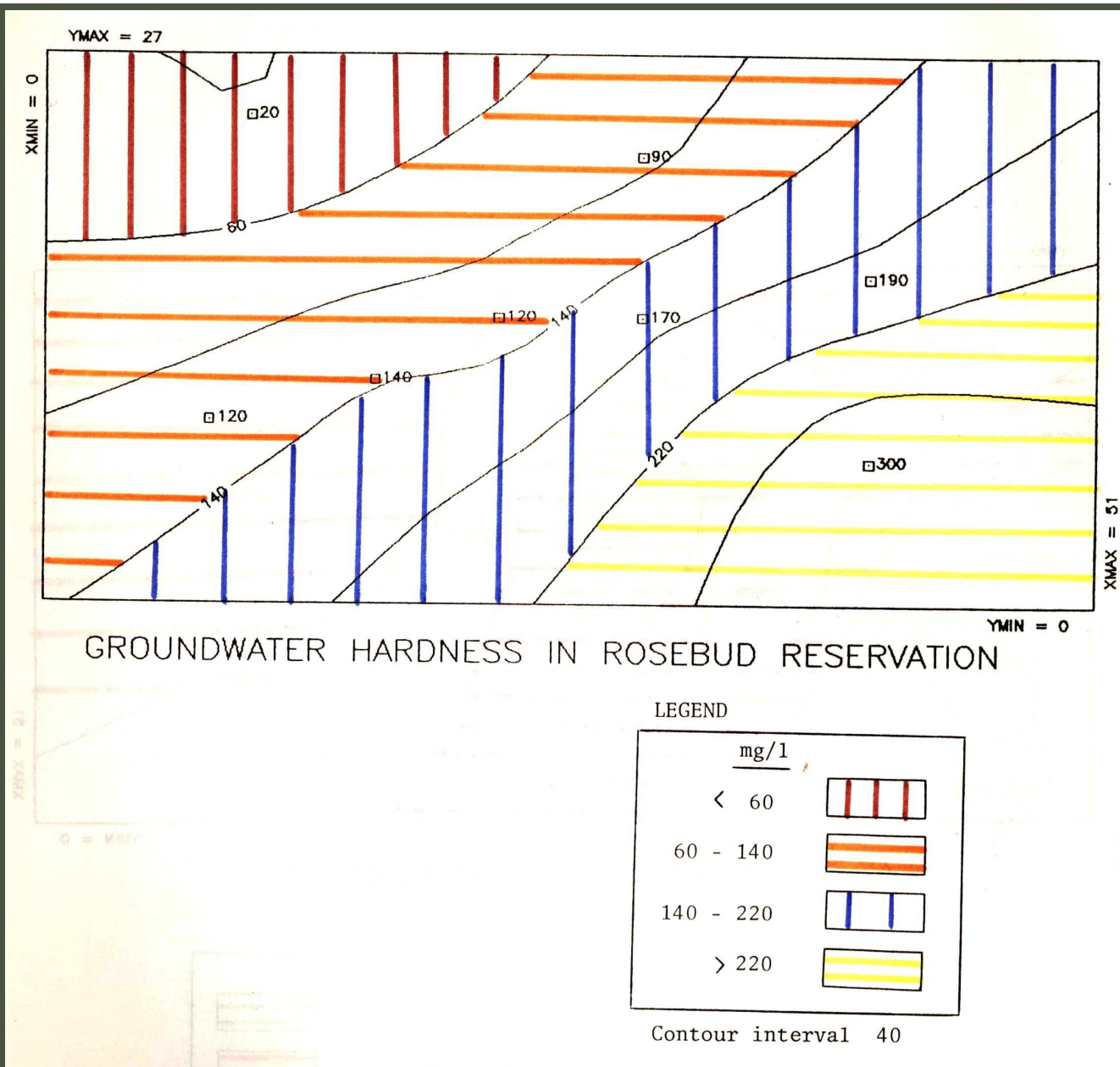
Contour
interval = 0.3



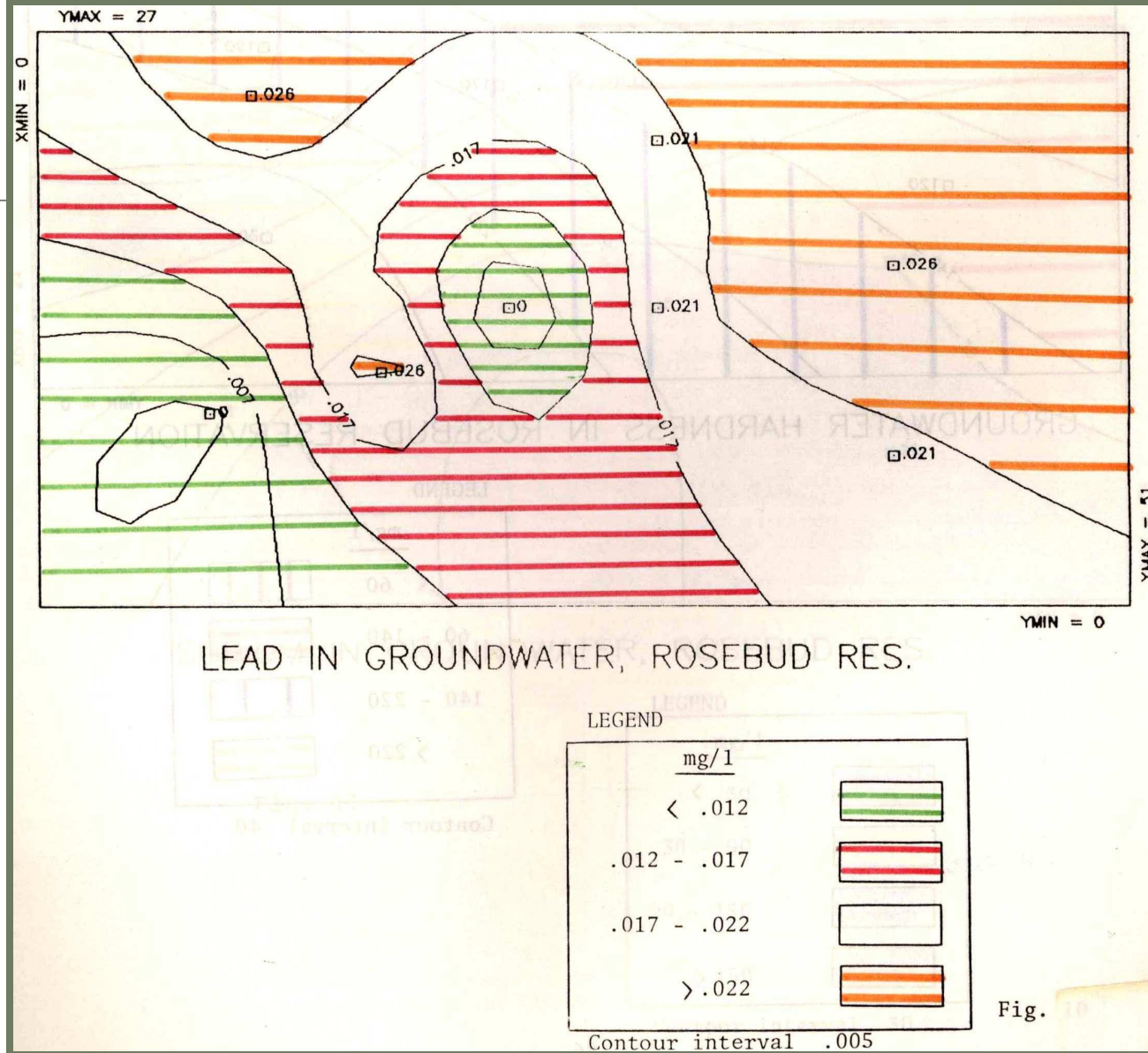
pH OF GROUND WATER ON ROSEBUD RESERVATION



Groundwater Hardness in Rosebud Reservation



Lead in Groundwater Rosebud Reservation



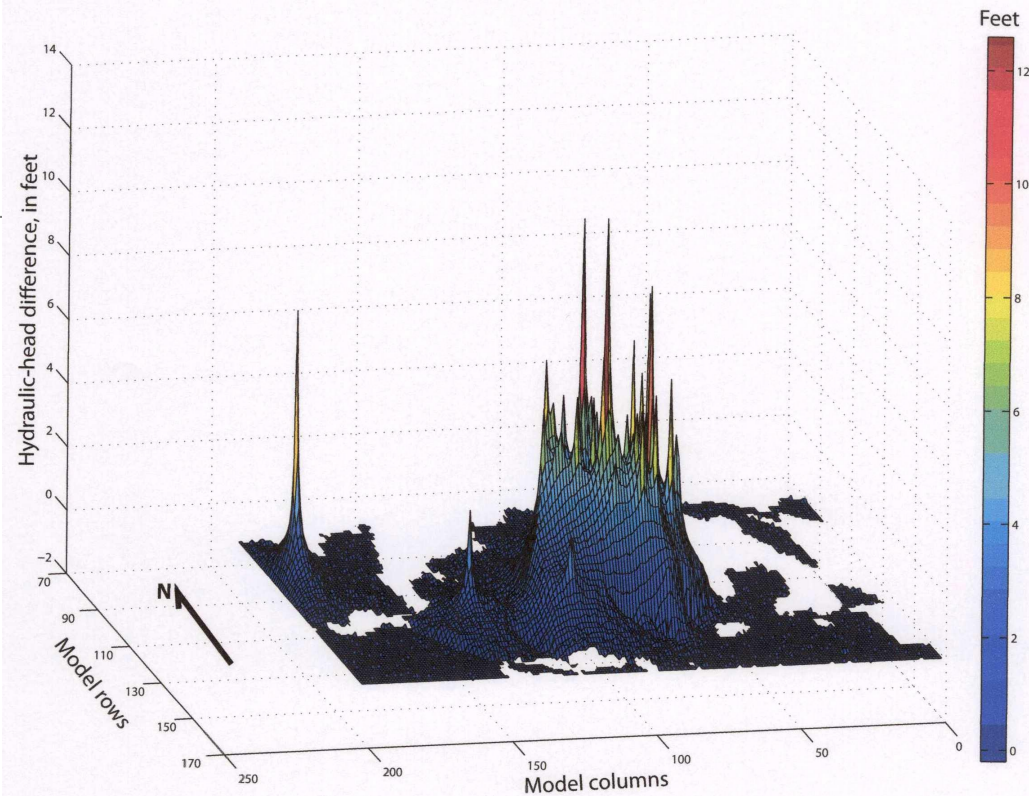


Figure 24

Three dimensional plot of the differences in hydraulic-head values between results of the calibrated model and the increased pumping scenario at the end of the 30-year simulation period for the Ogallala aquifer.

Interesting Math on the Ogallala Aquifer on Rosebud Reservation (A simplistic View)

Groundwater use – irrigation & Rural, Municipal & industrial

Approximately 15 billion gallons/ year

325,000 gallons per acre feet

Equals 46,153 acre feet of water use/ year

Water Storage in Ogallala Aquifer on Rosebud Reservation is 17,000,000 acre feet

Specific yield is 0.03

Equals 510,000 acre feet of water that can be drained by gravity

Area of Ogallala Aquifer on Rosebud Reservation

is 950 square miles

Equals 26,484,480,000 square feet

Approximate Recharge is 3 inches = 0.25 feet

Recharge over the area is 6,621,120,000 cubic feet

= 49,525,977,600 gallons

=152,387 acre feet of recharge/ year



Interesting Math (A simplistic View continued)

17,000,000 - acre feet in storage
- 46,153 - acre feet of water use/ year
16,953,847 acre feet of storage left
+ 152,367 acre feet of recharge/ year
17,106,214 acre feet back in storage

Specific yield 0.03

Yield is back to 513,186 acre feet that can be drained by gravity

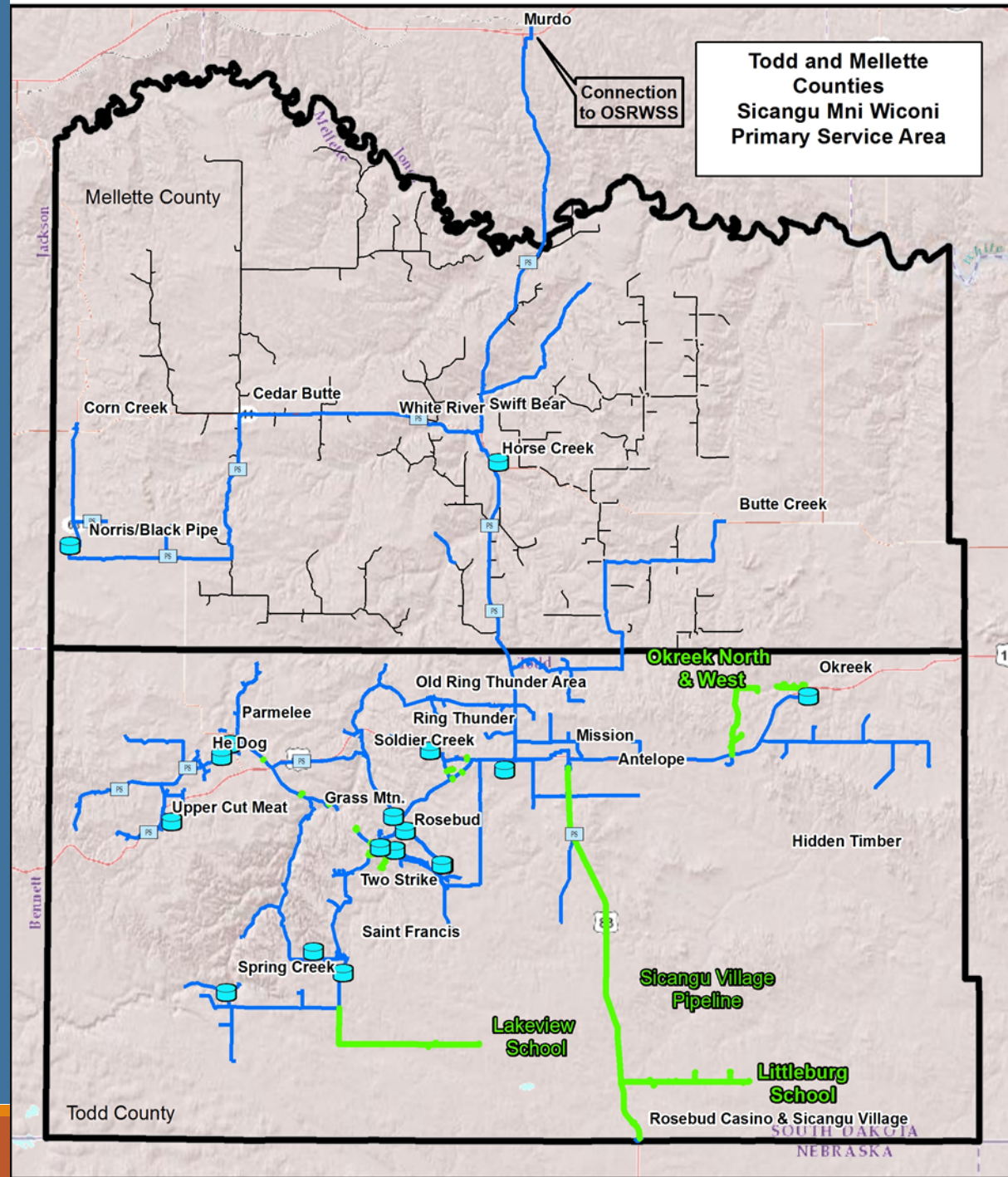
Hence the Aquifer is in somewhat state of equilibrium and in a few monitor wells the water level has risen. The stressed area or where the water table is falling is where the center pivot irrigation systems and some of the production wells are pumping groundwater.



KEYSTONE XL PIPELINE

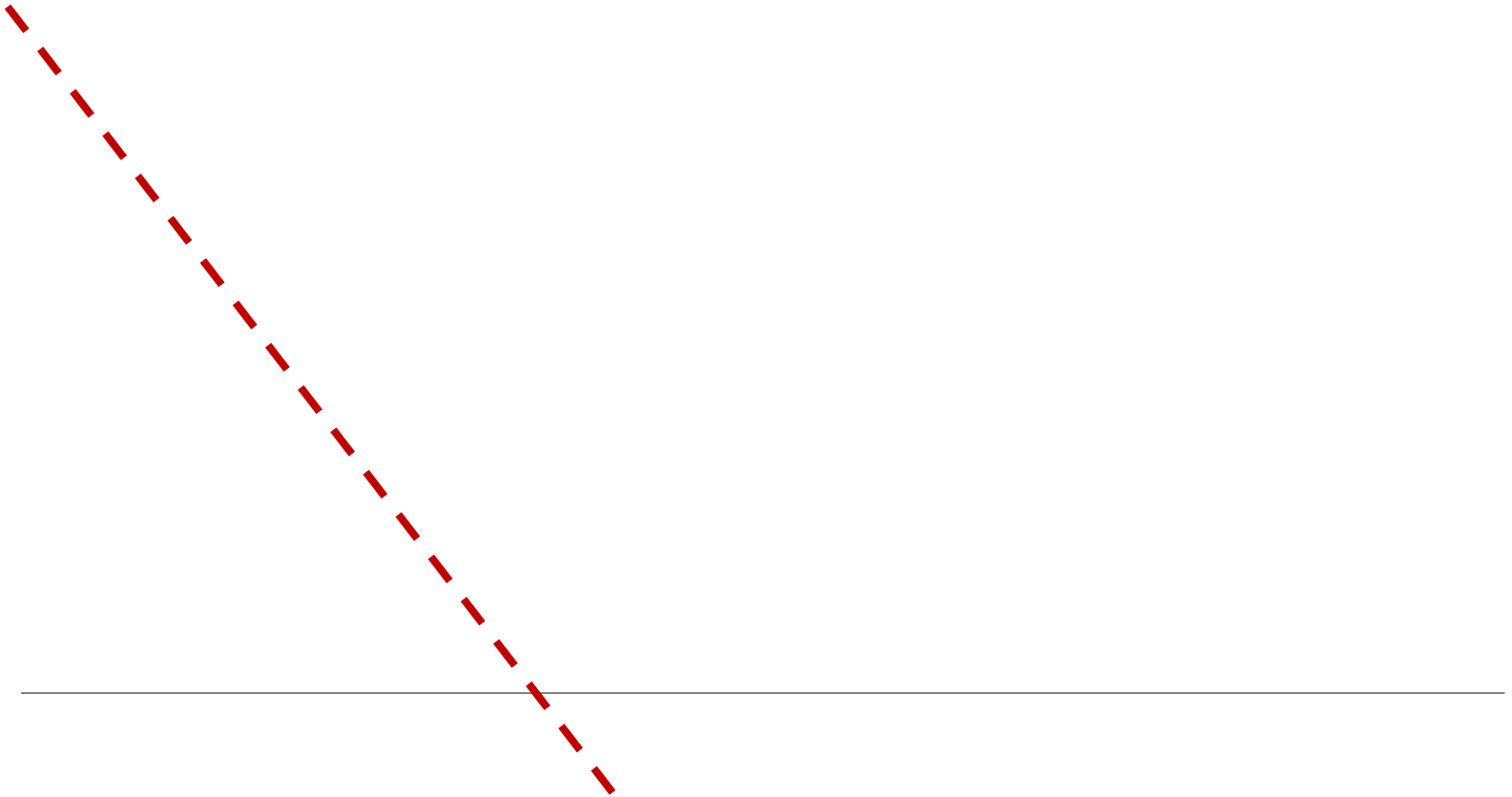
ISSUES AND CONCERNS

Sicangu Mni Wiconi Project/ Rosebud Sioux Rural Water System



**High
Plains
Aquifer**

Approximate Keystone XL Route



HISTORIC ROSEBUD RESERVATION 1889

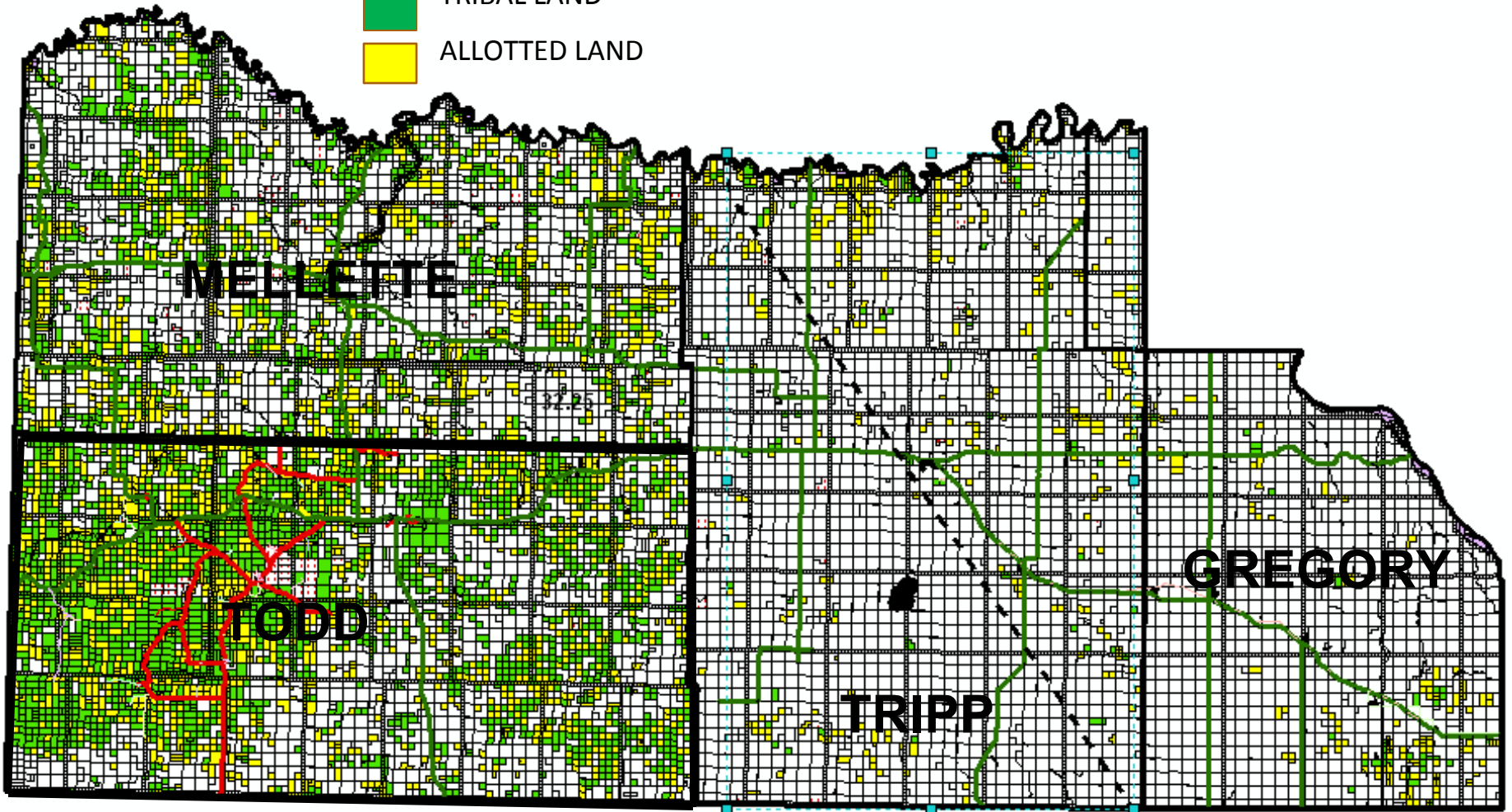
--- CONSTRUCTION CORRIDOR FOR KEYSTONE XL



TRIBAL LAND



ALLOTTED LAND

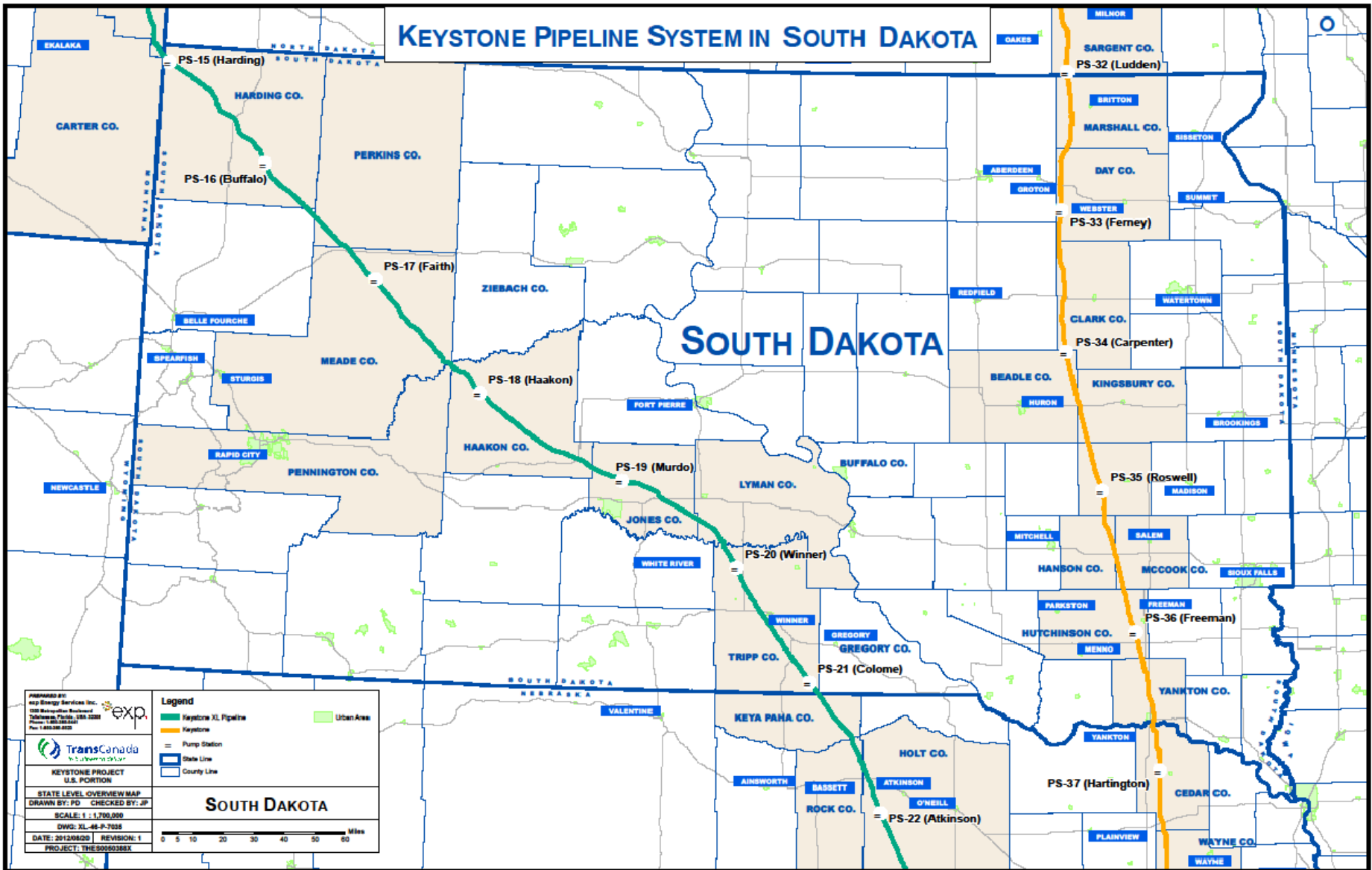


ROSEBUD v. KNEIP 1976

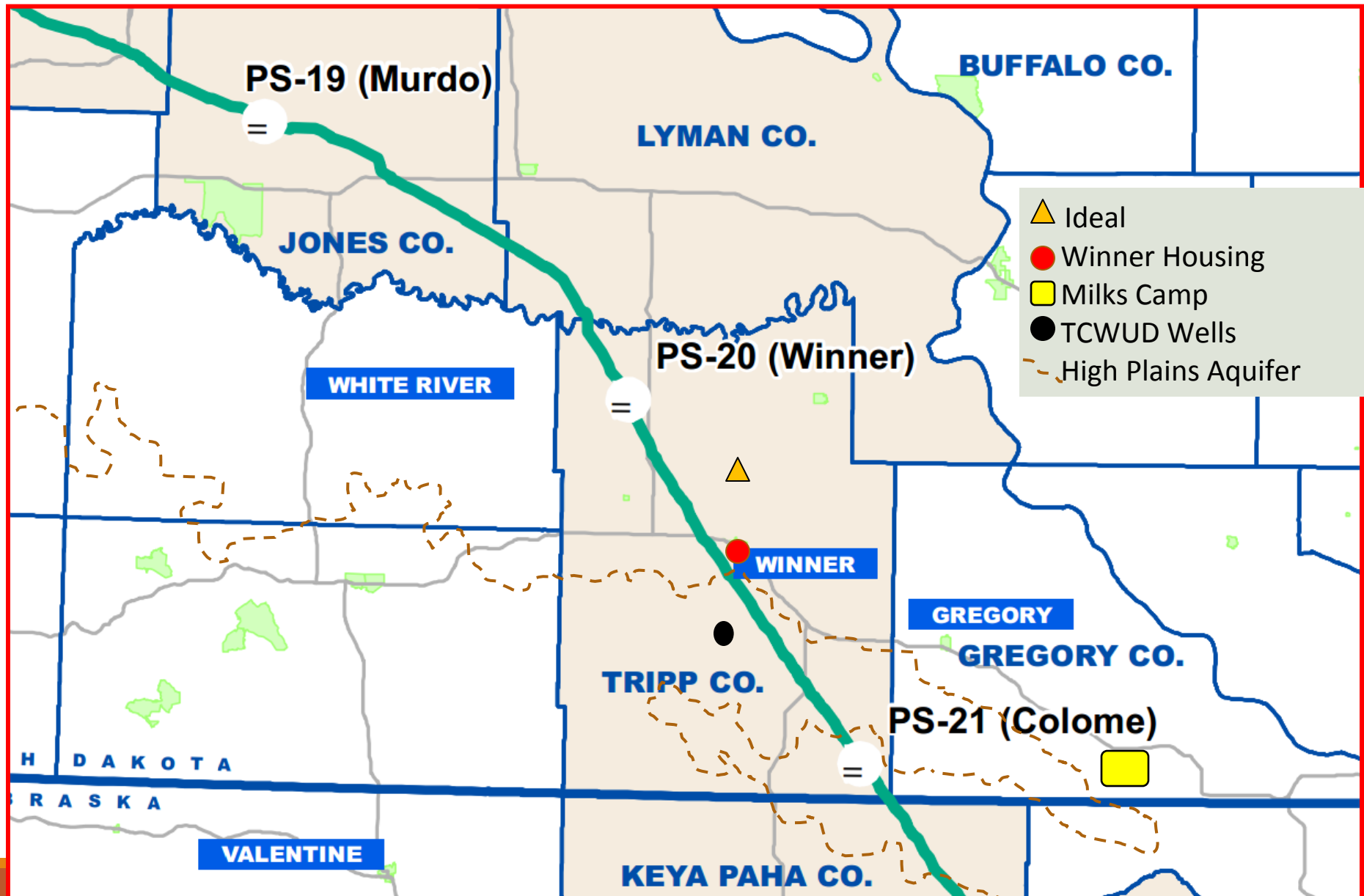
TRIPP COUNTY WATER USER DISTRICT WELL FIELD



KEYSTONE XL PIPELINE



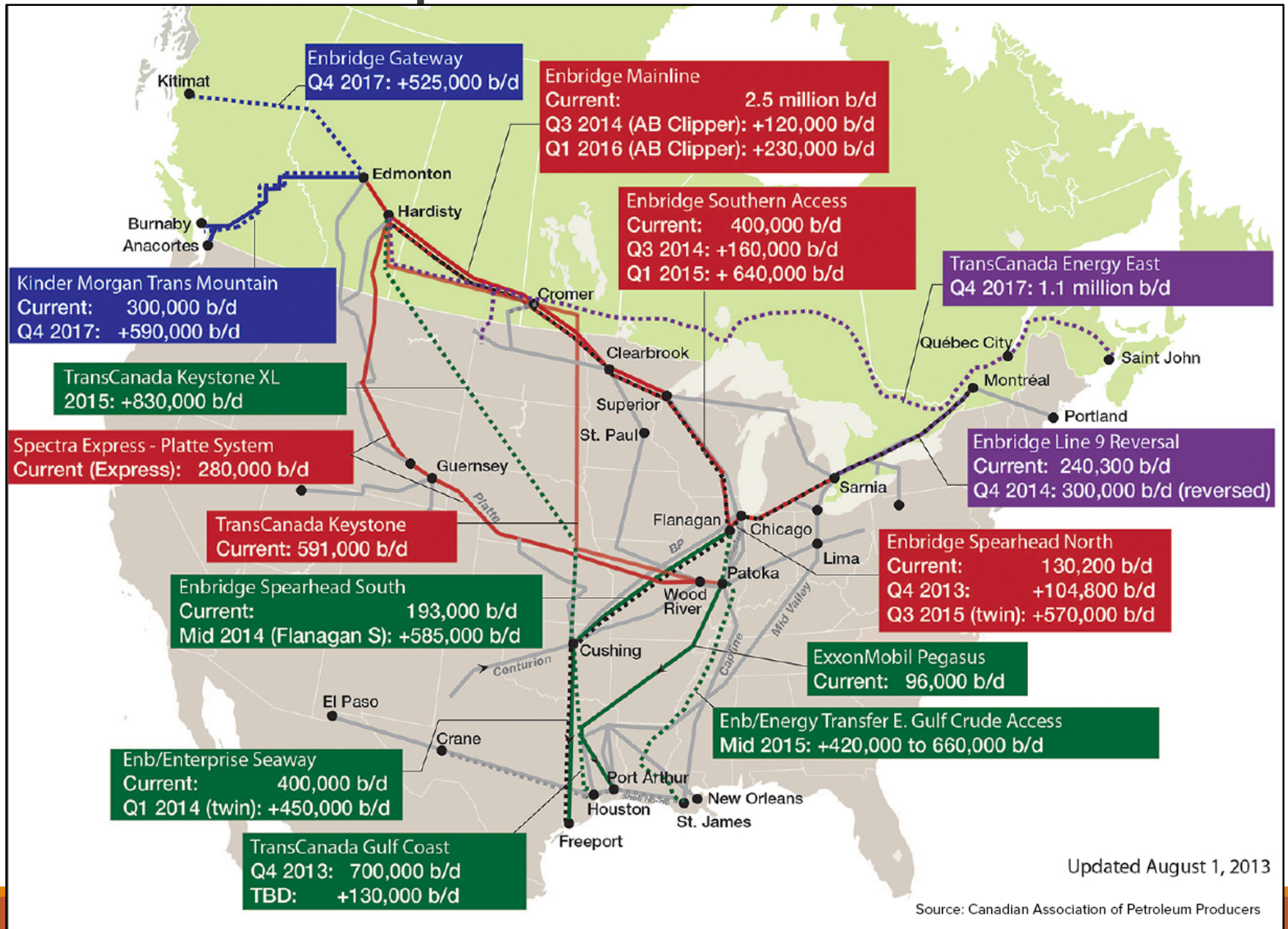
Proposed Keystone XL Pipeline Route



Newly Approved Route of Keystone Pipeline Moved From the Original Route.



Other Pipeline Considerations



Updated August 1, 2013

Source: Canadian Association of Petroleum Producers